Moving to Work Annual Report

Fiscal Year 2014

July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2014

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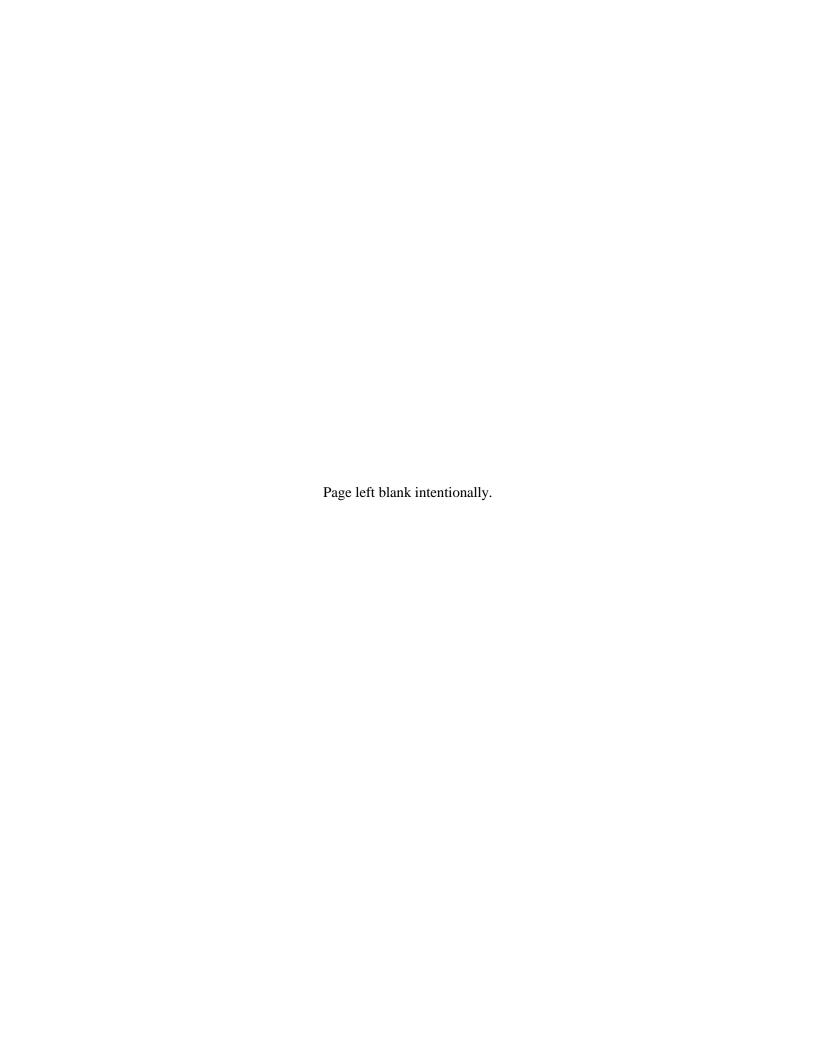
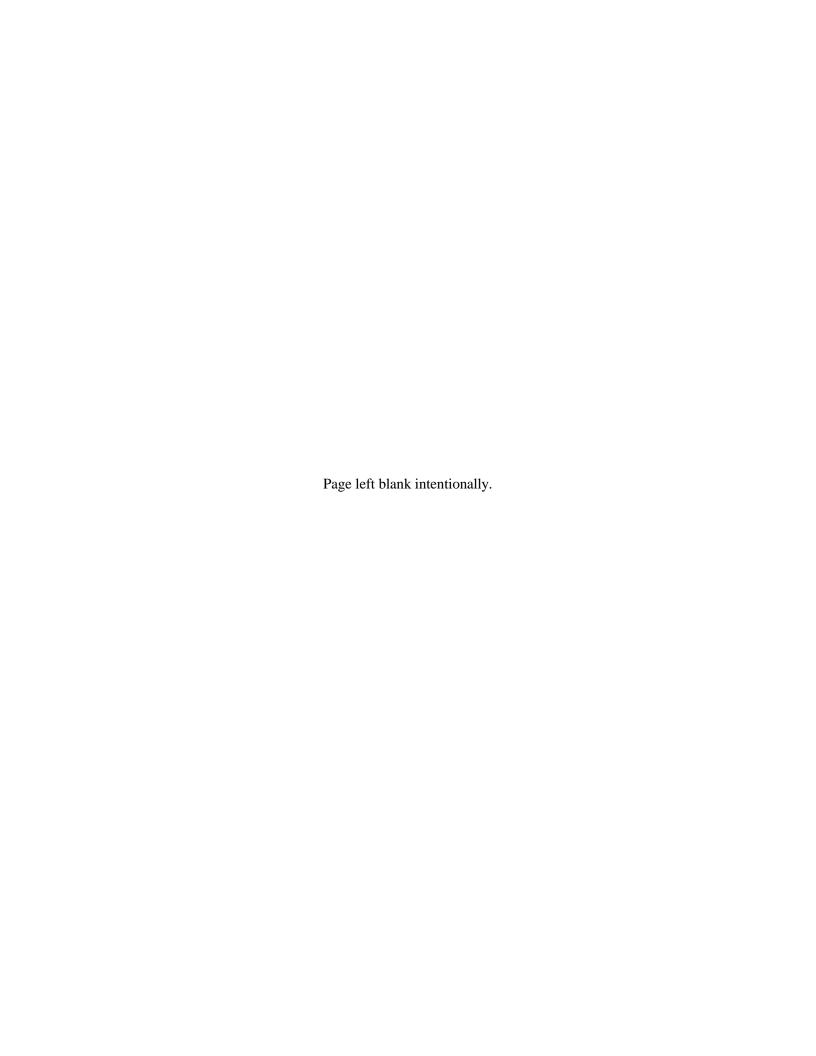


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I. Introduction

Generally, Public Housing Agencies will include short-term and long-term Moving to Work program goals and objectives in this section. Agencies include information about whether short-term goals and objectives were accomplished during the fiscal year and report progress towards long-term goals and objectives.

The Louisville Metro Housing Authority (LMHA), formerly known as the Housing Authority of Louisville, is a nonprofit agency responsible for the development and management of federally assisted housing in the Louisville Metro area. In 2003, Louisville Metro Mayor Jerry Abramson and the Louisville Metro Council approved the merger of the Housing Authority of Louisville and Housing Authority of Jefferson County, thereby creating the Louisville Metro Housing Authority. A nine-member Board of Commissioners, appointed by the Metro Mayor, serves as the policy making body of the agency.

At FYE 2014, LMHA managed over 3,500 units in two family housing communities, five housing communities for disabled and senior citizens, and a growing number of scattered site properties. Additionally, the Agency administered public housing assistance for 863 public housing units located at mixed-income and mixed-finance sites that are privately owned and managed, and it administered rental assistance to 8,411 families under its leased housing program. As of June 30, 2014, LMHA provided housing assistance to more than 12,700 units in the combined public housing and leased housing programs.

Funding for the agency's operation comes from rental income and annual operating subsidy from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The agency also receives Capital Improvement funds on an annual basis from HUD. Periodically, the agency also applies for funds from HUD and the City's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program to finance various modernization improvements.

Moving To Work Demonstration Program

Louisville Metro Housing Authority, then the Housing Authority of Louisville, became one of a small group of public housing agencies participating in the Moving to Work (MTW) Demonstration Program in 1999. The MTW program authorized by Congress and signed into Law as part of the Omnibus Consolidated Rescissions and Appropriations Act of 1996, offers public housing agencies (PHAs) the opportunity to design and test innovative, locally-designed housing and self-sufficiency strategies for low-income families. The program allows exemptions from existing low-income public housing (Section 9) and Section 8 rules, and it permits LMHA to combine public housing operating, capital, and rental assistance funds into a single agency-wide funding source.

Under the MTW program, LMHA creates and adopts an annual Moving to Work plan that describes new and ongoing activities that utilize authority granted to LMHA under the MTW Agreement. This plan focuses primarily on the Public Housing, Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) and Capital Fund programs, as these are the LMHA programs that fall under MTW. The annual plan also focuses on newly proposed MTW activities and MTW activities that are ongoing. In addition, it contains a limited amount of information about LMHA's non-MTW initiatives such as public housing site improvements and resident self-sufficiency programs. The MTW Annual Report - prepared at the end of the fiscal year (FY) - is an update on the status and outcomes of those activities included in the MTW Annual Plan.

MTW Objectives

Moving to Work is a demonstration program that allows PHAs to design and test ways to achieve three statutory goals. Each one of LMHA's MTW activities must achieve at least one of these statutory objectives:

- Reduce costs and achieve greater cost effectiveness in federal expenditures;
- Give incentives to residents, especially families with children, to obtain employment and become economically self-sufficient; and
- Increase housing choices for low-income families.

At the inception of LMHA's status as a Moving to Work agency, LMHA carefully evaluated its own goals and objectives against those of the demonstration. The outcome was six long-term goals for LMHA's participation in the MTW program.

Locally Defined LMHA MTW Goals

These goals, as outlined in the FY 1999 MTW Annual Plan, are locally-driven refinements of HUD's objectives:

- Increase the share of residents moving toward self-sufficiency;
- Achieve a greater income mix at LMHA properties;
- Expand the spatial dispersal of assisted housing;
- Improve the quality of the assisted housing stock;
- Reduce and/or reallocate administrative, operational and/or maintenance costs; and
- Enhance the Housing Authority's capacity to plan and deliver effective programs.

Since that time LMHA has recognized a growing number of populations with specific needs that often go unmet by existing housing and support service infrastructure. The Agency has revised and updated its goals to reflect changes in the local community and the evolution of the HUD MTW demonstration into a performance-driven program. In addition to the goals above, LMHA has set the goal to:

• Develop programs and housing stock targeted to populations with special needs, especially those families not adequately served elsewhere in the community.

Proposed and Ongoing Moving To Work Activities

MTW Activities Proposed in FY 2014 Plan

An MTW activity is defined as any activity LMHA engages in that requires MTW flexibility to waive statutory or regulatory requirements. In the FY 2014 MTW Annual Plan, LMHA proposed three **new** MTW activities that were subsequently approved by HUD:

• An agreement with Frazier Rehab Institute to allow them to sublease two fully-accessible units at Liberty Green Community Center to low-income families enrolled in their Spinal Cord Injury outpatient rehabilitation program (37-2014). This activity was originally proposed in the 2013

MTW Annual Plan; however, it was determined that LMHA would need Use of MTW Funds authority (which the agency did not yet have at the time). In FY 2014, HUD granted LMHA Use of Funds authority, and subsequently the activity was included and approved in the FY 2014 Annual MTW Plan Amendment.

- A 2% cap on annual HCV contract rent increases (39-2014); and
- A financial aid deduction for all households, regardless of age (40-2014).

In addition, LMHA proposed an activity in 2014 that HUD **did not** approve:

• Special occupancy requirements (elderly-only) for a portion of units at Building C at Dosker Manor (41-2014). HUD determined that LMHA should apply for these requirements through HUD's established designation process.

Finally, LMHA received HUD authorization to significantly amend two previously approved MTW activities:

- As part of the two-year recertification activity, create a local Privacy Authorization form that is valid for 24 months (4-2007); and
- As part of the education / employment requirements for residency in one of the detached, single-family scattered site units, define "Work" as employment of at least 2,000 hours annually at a rate of pay at \$7.25/hour (9-2007).

Ongoing MTW Activities

LMHA had a variety of MTW activities that were ongoing in FY 2014:

- Special referral Housing Choice Voucher programs with several local service providers. These programs tie voucher assistance to supportive services for populations with specific needs not met elsewhere in the community. LMHA provide rental assistance to families at Center for Women and Families and Family Scholar House while they live onsite and portable vouchers upon graduation (1-2005, 15-2009, 20-2010, 31-2012, 38-2013); A Special Referral HCV program with the 100,000 Homes Initiative (31-2012);
- Authority to allocate MTW Housing Choice Vouchers to special referral programs with service-enriched housing providers (35-2012);
- An initiative that detaches Section 8 homeownership payment standards from traditional HCV payment standards (3-2006);
- A two-year recertification process of elderly families and all families whose head of household or cohead is disabled (4-2007). In FY 2014, LMHA amended this activity to include creation of a local Privacy Authorization form that allows 24 months between re-verifications;
- An earned income disregard for elderly families in the HCV program (6-2008);
- A standard medical deduction for all elderly and disabled families in the Public Housing and HCV programs (8-2008);

- Term limits and Education/Work requirements for highly desirable New Scattered-Site single-family units (9-2009). In 2010, LMHA added mandatory case management for residents at these homes (21-2010), and in FY 2014, as part of the Education/Work requirements, LMHA used MTW authority to define work as employment of at least 2,000 hours annually at a rate of pay at least equal to \$7.25/hour (9-2007). In 2010, LMHA added mandatory case management for residents at these homes (21-2010);
- A local definition of elderly as families whose head of household or cohead is age 55 or over at LMHA's elderly and disabled high-rises (10-2008);
- An exception payment standard for the HCV Homeownership program (13-2009);
- A flexible third-party verification policy for the HCV Homeownership program (11-2009);
- Simplification of the public housing development submittal (18-2009);
- Lease-up incentives for new residents at Dosker Manor as part of an effort to improve occupancy rates at the development (23-2010);
- Authority to acquire properties for public housing without prior HUD approval to expedite acquisition of units in mixed-income communities (26-2011);
- Amendment of the HCV admissions policy to allow for deduction of child-care expenses in determination of eligibility (27-2011);
- Elimination of the mandatory Earned Income Disregard (EID) (32-2012);
- A local preference to provide voucher assistance to persons referred by Day Spring, a program that offers adults with intellectual disabilities support services in a residential setting (7-2008); A local preference to provide voucher assistance to persons referred by Wellspring with developmental disabilities who wish to live independently at its Youngland facility (34-2012) and the Bashford Manor facility (36-2013); and

MTW Activities Not Yet Implemented

LMHA has one MTW activity that was previously proposed and approved, but has not been implemented yet.

• Locally Defined Guidelines for Development, Maintenance and Modernization of Public Housing (28-2011).

MTW Activities On Hold

LMHA has one MTW activity that was previously implemented, that the agency has stopped implementing, but that the Housing Authority plans to reactivate in the future.

• An agreement with Catholic Charities for emergency temporary housing for victims of human trafficking (25-2010).

Closed Out MTW Activities

Finally, LMHA has closed out five initiatives. The closed out initiatives are:

- Limiting the concentration of HCV assisted units in complexes of one hundred or more units to 25% (excluded both elderly/disabled and special referral program sites) (5-2007);
- Streamlined demolition and disposition application process for MTW Agencies (16-2009);
- Increased flat rents at New Scattered Sites (24-2010); and
- A Public Housing rent policy to set rent payments at 30% of adjusted annual income (33-2012).

Initiatives Using Single-Fund Budget Authority Only

The initiatives that use single-fund budget authority only are:

- Homeownership Maintenance Specialist (not yet implemented) (12-2009);
- Multicultural Family Assistance Program (*ongoing*) (17-2009);
- HCV Homeownership Weatherization and Energy Efficiency Pilot (closed out) (19-2010); and
- Avenue Plaza CFL Trade-in Program (*closed out*) (22-2010).

Moving to Work (MTW) Activity Matrix

#	Fiscal Year	MTW Activity	Status
41	2014	Special Occupancy Requirements for Floors 1-9 of Building C at Dosker Manor	Proposed, Not Approved
40	2014	Financial Aid Disregard in Calculation of TTP – HCV Program	Approved, Not Yet Implemented
39	2014	MTW Section 8 Rent Increase Limit	Ongoing
38	2013	Special Referral HCV Program – Parkland Scholar House	Ongoing
37	2013, 2014	Public Housing Sublease Agreement with Frazier Spinal Cord Rehab Institute	Ongoing
36	2013	Special Referral MTW HCV Program and Local Preference – Wellspring at Bashford Manor/Newburg	Ongoing
35	2012	Allocate MTW Housing Choice Vouchers to Special Referral Programs	Ongoing
34	2012	Special Referral MTW HCV Program and Local Preference – Wellspring at Youngland Avenue	Ongoing
33	2012	Rents Set at 30% of Adjusted Income - Public Housing Program	Closed Out
32	2012	Elimination of the Earned Income Disregard	Ongoing
31	2012	Special Referral HCV Program - Stoddard Johnston Scholar House	Ongoing
30	2012	Special Referral HCV Program – 100,000 Homes Initiative	Ongoing
29	2011	Public Housing Sublease Agreement with YouthBuild Louisville	Ongoing
28	2011	Locally Defined Guidelines for Development, Maintenance and Modernization of Public Housing	Not Yet Implemented
27	2011	Amend Public Housing and HCV Program Admissions Policy to Allow for Deduction of Child-Care Expenses in Determination of Eligibility	Ongoing
26	2011	Acquisition of Mixed-Income Sites for Public Housing	Ongoing
25	2010	Public Housing Sublease Agreement with Catholic Charities	On-Hold
24	2010	Increased Flat Rents for New Scattered Sites	Closed Out
23	2010	Lease-up Incentives for New Residents at Dosker Manor	Ongoing
22	2010	CFL Trade-in Pilot Program for Avenue Plaza Residents	Single Budget Authority Only, Closed Out
21	2010	Occupancy Criteria Changes for New Scattered Sites - Mandatory Case Management	Ongoing
20	2010	Special Referral HCV Program - Downtown Family Scholar House	Ongoing

Moving to Work (MTW) Activity Matrix Cont.

# Fiscal Year		MTW Activity	Status
19	2010	Weatherization and Energy Efficiency Pilot and Section 8 Homeownership	Single Budget Authority Only, Closed Out
18	2009	Simplification of the Public Housing Development Submittal	Ongoing
17	2009	Multicultural Family Assistance Program	Single Budget Authority Only, Ongoing
16	2009	Streamlined Demolition and Disposition Application Process for MTW Agencies	Closed Out
15	2009	Special Referral HCV Program - Louisville Scholar House	Ongoing
14	2009	Center for Women and Families at the Villager - Determinations for Program Eligibility	Non-MTW
13	2009	HCV Homeownership Program – Exception Payment Standards	Ongoing
12	2009	Housing Choice Voucher Program Maintenance Specialist	Single Budget Authority Only, Not Yet Implemented
11	2009	HCV Homeownership - Flexibility in Third-Party Verifications	Ongoing
10	2008	Locally Defined Definition of Elderly	Ongoing
9	2007	Term Limits and Employment/Educational Work Requirements for New Scattered Sites; MTW Definition of Work (Revised FY 2014)	Ongoing
8	2008	Rent Simplification for Public Housing and Housing Choice Voucher Programs - Standard Medical Deduction	Ongoing
7	2008	Special Referral MTW HCV Program and Local Preference - Day Spring (Renewed 2012)	Ongoing
6	2008	Rent Simplification in the HCV Program - Earned Income Disregard for Elderly Families	Ongoing
5	2007	Spatial Deconstruction of HCV Assisted Units	Closed Out
4	2007	Rent Simplification for PH and HCV Programs - Alternate Year Reexaminations of Elderly and Disabled Families (Amended 2012, 2014)	Ongoing
3	2006	Amount and Distribution of Homeownership Assistance	Ongoing
2	1999	MTW Inspections Protocol	Ongoing
1	2005	Special Referral HCV Program - Center for Women and Families	Ongoing

Short and Long Term MTW Plan

The mission of the Louisville Metro Housing Authority is to provide quality, affordable housing for those in need, assist residents in their efforts to achieve financial independence, and work with the community to strengthen neighborhoods. In implementing this mission, LMHA will focus on the following short and long term goals.

During the fiscal year, LMHA focused on implementing its 2014 MTW Annual Plan. Key outcomes and accomplishments are summarized below.

- Executed an agreement that allows the Frazier Spinal Cord Rehabilitation program to sublease public housing units to low-income families while they are receiving treatment. 5 families were served through this activity during FY 2014;
- Imposed a 2% cap on Section 8 rent increases, in an effort to contain rising costs;
- Continued to expand service-enriched housing choices for low-income families, including disabled families, homeless families, and families with children, through programs like Day Spring and Family Scholar House;
- Continued to reduce administrative costs, and streamline the recertification process for elderly and disabled families, through biennial recertifications;
- Continued to expand housing choices for working families with child care expenses;
- Took part in discussions about the HUD-sponsored Rent Reform Demonstration program. LMHA, along with Lexington, San Antonio and D.C., will participate. About 2,000 households will be enrolled at each site;
- Continued to promote household self-sufficiency through rent changes and supportive services tied to the single-family scattered site public housing units;
- Continued to incentivize HCV homebuyers to purchase in neighborhoods of opportunity by increasing exception rent payment standards to 120% of FMR and providing the 2 bedroom payment standard for 1 bedroom qualified families; and
- Continued to streamline inspections of assisted SRO units by conducting annual, concurrent inspections.

In the long term, LMHA will continue to focus on the following initiatives. Progress towards these goals, made in the last year, is described below.

Reposition and redevelop the conventional Public Housing stock

The physical stock of the remaining original family developments owned and managed by LMHA needs to be completely redeveloped. These sites – large, dense, urban and often isolated – need major renovation or replacement. LMHA's goal is to transform these communities in the coming years, replacing the current public housing developments with mixed income communities, while at the same time providing replacement units so that the overall number of families served will not decrease. In the

elderly developments, modernization efforts will proceed with an eye toward appropriate and expanded service provision.

Increase housing choice through stronger rental communities and options, and expanded homeownership opportunities.

Homeownership is an important housing choice option for many low-income families, and is an appropriate program given the local market. LMHA's nationally recognized Housing Choice Voucher Homeownership Program is an affordable and secure way for LMHA families to achieve self-sufficiency. The Agency can boast that together more than 200 Public Housing residents and HCV program participants have purchased homes through the program. For the many other families for whom homeownership isn't a viable option, LMHA will look at its Public Housing communities to see what policy and program changes might strengthen those communities and make them better places to live.

Develop programs and housing stock targeted to populations with special needs not adequately served elsewhere in the community.

MTW allows LMHA to break from HUD established "norms" and therefore maximize the potential of locally available resources to develop programs for people with specific needs. The goal is to meet needs not met by other agencies and to partner with local organizations that have social services programs that need a housing support element. Some of these needs will be transitional; others are for programs that provide more long-term support, particularly for single parents with children where the parent is working or preparing for work by participating in educational programs and young people enrolled in job and college prep programs. Developing comprehensive initiatives in these areas will continue to require regulatory relief. In FY2014, LMHA submitted a successful application to HUD for Broader Use of MTW Funds authority, an Amendment to Attachment D of the Agency's MTW Standard Agreement with HUD. The Use of MTW Funds amendment gives LMHA the authority to use MTW funds for purposes other than those specified in Section 8 and Section 9 of the 1937 Housing Act, provided such uses are consistent with other requirements of the MTW statute and have been proposed in the Agency's Annual MTW Plan and approved by HUD.

Encourage program participant self-sufficiency

The MTW agreement allows LMHA to reinvent the FSS program to make it appropriate to local program participant needs. The Demonstration also allows LMHA to rethink other policies – like the rent policy for Clarksdale HOPE VI replacement scattered sites – to encourage families to work towards housing self-sufficiency.

II. General Housing Authority Operation Information

Generally, this section is a pre-formatted Microsoft Excel table provided by HUD for PHAs to report the required housing stock, leasing and waitlist information. HUD has asked PHAs to copy and paste the HUD provided Microsoft Excel tables into the body of this Section (II) in their Plan/Report. With the initial submittal of each Plan/Report to HUD, the PHA will also include the completed, separate Microsoft Excel file.

II.1. Plan.Housing Stock

Not applicable. This section pertains only to the MTW Plan.

II.2. Plan.Leasing

Not applicable. This section pertains only to the MTW Plan.

II.3. Plan.Wait List

Not applicable. This section pertains only to the MTW Plan.

II.4. Report. Housing Stock

			Report.HousingStock ort: Housing Stock Information		
	New Hous	ing Choice Voucher	s that were Project-Based During the Fiscal Year		
Property Name	Anticipated Number of Nev Vouchers to be Project-Based	Vouchers that	Description of Project		
Property Name	e 0	0	N/A		
Property Name	e 0	0	N/A		
Property Name	e 0	0	N/A		
Property Name 0		0	N/A		
			Anticipated Total Number of Project-Based Vouchers Committed at the End of the Fiscal Year * Anticipated Total Number of Project-Based Vouchers Leased Up or Issued to a Potential Tenant at the End of the Fiscal Year *		
N V	nticipated Total lumber of New Youchers to be roject-Based *	Actual Total Number of New Vouchers that were Project- Based	0		
	0	0	Actual Total Number of Project-Based Vouchers Committed at the End of the Fiscal Year Actual Total Number of Project-Based Vouchers Leased Up or Issued to a Potential Tenant at the End of the Fiscal Year		
			0		
			0		

Other Changes to the Housing Stock that Occurred During the Fiscal Year

Sheppard Square HOPE VI Revitalization: In 2010, LMHA was awarded a HOPE VI grant for the revitalization of Sheppard Square, a 326-unit family development. The revitalization effort, which includes a mix of market rate, tax-credit and ACC rental units, as well as homeownership opportunities, has occurred in a series of phases scheduled for completion by 2015. As of fiscal year end 6/30/14, the existing units had been demolished, and construction of the first phase (60 units) was complete and the units were occupied.

As with all redevelopment efforts subsequent to Park DuValle that result in a loss of public housing units, LMHA is committed to one-forone replacement of the 326 units razed at Sheppard. In FY2012, LMHA received approval from HUD to acquire existing, scattered-site units to replace a portion of the units that were demolished at Sheppard Square. While efforts in FY 2014 and FY 2015 were primarily focused on-site, offsite acquisitions of replacement housing will begin in earnest in FY 2016. At FYE 2013, 21 replacement units had been acquired. No acquisitions were completed in FY 2014.

Stoddard Johnston: Stoddard Johnston is a Mixed-Finance initiative of Family Scholar House (FSH) and the Louisville Metro Housing Authority. LMHA intends to acquire 4 units of public housing at the site. This project did not close in FY 2014.

Wilart Arms (KY 1-22): Wilart Arms Apartments (formerly known as Hallmark Plaza Apartments) is a Mixed-Finance initiative of the Kentucky Housing Corporation (KHC), LMHA, the Housing Partnership, Inc. (HPI), and HUD'S Federal Housing Administration (FHA) "Office of Multifamily Housing" (Multifamily Housing). The property is a 66-unit multi-family complex located off Dixie Highway in the Shively community. In 2007, the owners of Wilart Arms were delinquent on their loan. Also, the building had fallen into severe disrepair, and had been placed on HUD's troubled Multifamily Assets listing. In an effort to prevent the property from going into foreclosure and to preserve the housing complex, including project based Section 8, KHC reached out to Multifamily Housing for a possible solution. The solution was modeled on the work of other jurisdictions where such properties had been disposed of to the local Public Housing Authorities. KHC's proposal – a cooperative effort among KHC, Louisville Metro Housing Authority (LMHA) and the Housing Partnership, Inc. – was approved by Multifamily Housing and closed on April 29, 2010 with all participants except for LMHA.

Under the approved proposal, Housing Partnership, Inc. would renovate the site, reduce the density (originally 100 units), and own and manage the property. LMHA would acquire the use of 15 units at the property through Mixed-Finance development. LMHA and Wilart Arms Apartments, LLLP (Owner) would enter into a Regulatory and Operating Agreement and a Declaration of Restrictive Covenants (Declaration of Trust) would be recorded in favor of HUD. With board approval, LMHA agreed to fund a \$1,016,678 Promissory Note, for which owner is obligated to house public housing eligible residents in 15 units (2 one-bedroom units, 10 two-bedroom units and 3 three-bedroom units). Two of the units are also be accessible to persons with hearing and/or visual impairments. Of the remaining 51 units at Wilart Arms, 11 units are under the Tax Credit Assistance Program and 40 units are under the Project Based Section 8 Program.

This project did not close in FY 2014.

KY 1-034 Scattered Sites: LMHA continued holding units off-line at the Friary, a historic structure that LMHA purchased several years ago and used as public housing. More recently, the site has been emptied because the structure is in need of a comprehensive rehabilitation.

As of May 30, 2015, LMHA had procured a private developer to redevelop the site.

Russel Neighborhood and Beecher Terrace: Late 2014 the Housing Authority applied for (and as of early 2015, had been awarded) a Choice Neighborhoods Planning Grant from HUD to support development of a comprehensive neighborhood transformation plan for the Russell Neighborhood and the Beecher Terrace public housing development. Other HUD subsidized housing in the neighborhood may be included as part of the application. If the grant is awarded, the effort will focus on directing resources to address the three core goals of HUD's Choice Neighborhood programs: housing, people, and neighborhoods. To achieve these goals, Russell Neighborhood residents and partners, including the Louisville Metro Housing Authority, who would be the lead applicant, would utilize up to \$425,000 in financial support provided by the planning grant to develop a comprehensive neighborhood Transformation Plan. This Plan would serve as the guiding document for directing the transformation of the Russell neighborhood and distressed HUD subsidized housing within those boundaries, including the public housing at Beecher Terrace. The duration of the planning grant and deadline for completion of the Transformation Plan is up to two years. Implementation of the Plan would be contingent on procuring and raising adequate funding.

Examples of the types of other changes can include but are not limited to units that are held off-line due to the relocation of residents, units that are off-line due to substantial rehabilitation and potential plans for acquiring units.

General Description of Actual Capital Fund Expenditures During the Plan Year The following projects were either completed or underway during fiscal year 2014: Scattered Sites KY1-034 and KY1-017 601 W. Breckinridge roof replacement St. Martin basement renovation Restore Noltemeyer fire damaged unit CH6 units with hail damage Roof replacement area E-1 and E-2 **KY1-014 Avenue Plaza/550 Apartments** Avenue Plaza elevator lobby HVAC upgrade **KY1-012 Dosker Manor** Concrete balcony "A" building **KY1-003 Iroquois Homes** Selective site demolition, including asbestos abatement at gymnasium, maintenance office, and community center **KY1-002 Beecher Terrace Baxter Center renovation Green Physical Needs Assessment**

Overviev	of Other Housing Owned	and/or Managed by the PHA at Fiscal Year End		
Housing Program *	Total Units	Overview of the Program		
HPP I [Other]	36	The Louisville Metro Housing Authority Development Corp. (formerly Louisville Housing Services) developed affordable condominium homeownership, providing construction, financing and property management expertise. LMHADC (using LMHA staff) continues to manage the sites for each condominium regime.		
HPP II [Other]	15	Same as above.		
HPP III [Other]	20	Same as above.		
Parkland Place [Other]	12	Same as above.		
Total Other Housing Owned and/or Managed	83			
Managing Developments for other	non-MTW Public Housing Aut please describe: Most of ti local banks	ally Funded, Market-Rate, Non-MTW HUD Funded, chorities, or Other. ne funding for the developments was in debt with s. Also, the developments were partially funded by the Fund Loans at a reduced 3% rate, over 20 years ago.		

II.5. Report.Leasing

II.5.Report.Leasin	g		
B. MTW Report: Leasing I	nformation		
Actual Number of Households Served at the	ne End of the Fisc	cal Year	
Housing Program:	Number of Hou	seholds Served*	
	Planned	Actual	
Number of Units that were Occupied/Leased through Local Non-Traditional MTW Funded Property-Based Assistance Programs **	2	1.21	
Number of Units that were Occupied/Leased through Local Non-Traditional MTW Funded Tenant-Based Assistance Programs **	0	0	
Port-In Vouchers (not absorbed)	0	0	
Total Projected and Actual Households Served	2	1.21	
* Calculated by dividing the planned/actual number of unit months occupied/le ** In instances when a Local, Non-Traditional program provides a certain subsi units/Households Served, the PHA should estimate the number of Households	dy level but does	not specify a number of	·
units/nouseriolus serveu, tile PHA stioulu estimate tile number of nouseriolus s	serveu.		
Housing Program:	Unit Months Occupied/Leased****		
Number of Units that were Occupied/Leased through Local Non-Traditional MTW Funded Property-Based Assistance Programs ***	Planned 24	Actual	
Number of Units that were Occupied/Leased through Local Non-Traditional MTW Funded Tenant-Based Assistance Programs ***	0	0	
Port-In Vouchers (not absorbed)	0	0	
Total Projected and Annual Unit Months Occupied/Leased	24	13.46	
The metrics for the Sublease Agreement with Frazier Rehab occupied" basis. LMHA was considering what a snapshot implementation of the activity, i.e., 2 occupied	of the occupance d units, 2 househ	y rates might be after olds served.	ns
*** In instances when a local, non-traditional program provides a certain subsi units/Households Served, the PHA should estimate the number of households s **** Unit Months Occupied/Leased is the total number of months the housing during the year.	erved.		to unit category
	Average Number of Households Served Per	Total Number of Households Served During	
	Month	the Year	

Reporting Compliance with Statutory MTW Requirements: 75% of Families Assisted are Very Low-Income

HUD will verify compliance with the statutory objective of "assuring that at least 75 percent of the families assisted by the Agency are very low-income families" is being achieved by examining public housing and Housing Choice Voucher family characteristics as submitted into the PIC or its successor system utilizing current resident data at the end of the agency's fiscal year. The PHA will provide information on local, non-traditional families provided with housing assistance at the end of the PHA fiscal year, not reported in PIC or its successor system, in the following format:

Fiscal Year:	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total Number of Local, Non- Traditional MTW Households Assisted	0	0	0	1.21	x	х	x	х
Number of Local, Non- Traditional MTW Households with Incomes Below 50% of Area Median Income	0	0	0	1.21	х	х	х	х
Percentage of Local, Non- Traditional MTW Households with Incomes Below 50% of Area Median Income	0	0	0	100	х	х	х	х

Reporting Compliance with Statutory MTW Requirements: Maintain Comparable Mix

In order to demonstrate that the statutory objective of "maintaining a comparable mix of families (by family size) are served, as would have been provided had the amounts not been used under the demonstration" is being achieved, the PHA will provide information in the following formats:

Baseline for the Mix of Family Sizes Served							
Family Size:	Occupied Number of Public Housing units by Household Size when PHA Entered MTW	Utilized Number of Section 8 Vouchers by Household Size when PHA Entered MTW	Non-MTW Adjustments to the Distribution of Household Sizes *	Baseline Number of Household Sizes to be Maintained	Baseline Percentages of Family Sizes to be Maintained		
1 Person	2496	54	0	2550	54.89		
2 Person	555	33	0	588	12.66		
3 Person	689	32	0	721	15.52		
4 Person	436	22	0	458	9.86		
5 Person	158	20	0	178	3.83		
6+ Person	137	14	0	151	3.25		
Totals	4471	175	0	4646	100		

Explanation for Baseline Adjustments to the Distribution of Household Sizes Utilized "Occupied Number of Public Housing units by Household Size when PHA Entered MTW" and "Utilized Number of Section 8 Vouchers by Household Size when PHA Entered MTW" is from the Housing Authority of Louisville's Moving to Work Demonstration program application prepared in 1997.

It should be noted that in 2003, the Housing Authority of Louisville merged with the Housing Authority of Jefferson County to form the Louisville Metro Housing Authority. Though the agencies' Public Housing and Section 8 programs were also merged that year, demographic information (by family size) is not available for the families who were then residing in HAJC public housing or receiving HJAC Section 8 rent assistance.

HAL data was presented in the following categories: 1-2 people; 3-4 people; and 5+ people. For purposes of this report, the historic data was prorated, in order to conform with the categories above, based on the characteristics of the 2014 population of households served.

			Mix of Fa	mily Sizes Se	erved		
	1 Person	2 Person	3 Person	4 Person	5 Person	6+ Person	Totals
Baseline Percentages of Household Sizes to be Maintained **	54.89	12.66	15.52	9.86	3.83	3.25	100.01
Number of Households Served by Family Size this Fiscal Year ***	5470	2458	2354	1632	909	683	13506
Percentages of Households Served by Household Size this Fiscal Year ****	40.50	18.20	17.43	12.08	6.73	5.06	100.00
Percentage Change	-26%	44%	12%	23%	76%	56%	99
Justification a	and Unlik	e with the MTW F	Baseline Project (H	IIID Notice P	IH-2013-02) HIID I	has not fully articu	lated a methodology

Justification and Explanation for Family Size Variations of Over 5% from the Baseline Percentages

Unlike with the MTW Baseline Project (HUD Notice PIH-2013-02), HUD has not fully articulated a methodology for monitoring and evaluating compliance with the MTW objective to serve the same mix of families by family size. LMHA will investigate changes to demographics, housing stock and policies that may explain the variations from the baseline percentages, as shown above.

^{* &}quot;Non-MTW adjustments to the distribution of family sizes" are defined as factors that are outside the control of the PHA. Acceptable "non-MTW adjustments" include, but are not limited to, demographic changes in the community's population. If the PHA includes non-MTW adjustments, HUD expects the explanations of the factors to be thorough and to include information substantiating the numbers used.

^{**} The numbers in this row will be the same numbers in the chart above listed under the column "Baseline percentages of family sizes to be maintained."

^{***} The methodology used to obtain these figures will be the same methodology used to determine the "Occupied number of Public Housing units by family size when PHA entered MTW" and "Utilized number of Section 8 Vouchers by family size when PHA entered MTW" in the table immediately above.

^{****} The "Percentages of families served by family size this fiscal year" will reflect adjustments to the mix of families served that are directly due to decisions the PHA has made. HUD expects that in the course of the demonstration, PHAs will make decisions that may alter the number of families served.

Housing Program	Description of Leasing Issues and Solutions
Housing Program	Description of Leasing issues and Solutions
MTW Public Housing Program	Mixed-population high-rises: LMHA had been experiencing lower than normal occupancy rates at many of its mixed-population high-rises, therefore LMHA used its MTW authority to reduce the age of "elderly" to age 55, in order to open up the sites to additional non-disabled families. As result, rates at most of these sites have remained stable and consistently above 90% since the activity began (See Activity #10-2008). Due to ongoing issues with occupancy rates at Dosker Manor, the Authority will consider whether an official edlerly and/or disabled-only designtion of one or more buildings at the site is appropriate. Scattered Sites: LMHA has also been experiencing higher than normal vacancy rates among its Public Housing Scattered Sites AMP KY 1-034, which contains units at The Friary. LMHA has selected a private developer to redevelop the site.
MTW Housing Choice Voucher Program	Additionally, LMHA has been experiencing lower than normal leasing rates in the Housing Choic Voucher Program. Strategies to increase the rates include: Absorbing incoming ports; Accepting New Families off waiting list; Accepting Homeless Veteran preference referrals, and; Accepting VASH and MTW Special Referrals. Also, LMHA is currently participating in the MTW Rent Reform and are in active lease up for the HUD Study. In addition, LMHA is actively hiring new staff members for vacant positions for Housing Specialists, Rental Assistance Monitors, and Housing Clerk Typists.
N/A	N/A

Activity Name/#	Number of Households Transitioned *	Agency Definition of Self Sufficiency		
#9-2007 (Term Limits / Employment Requirements for Scattered Sites) & #21- 2010 (Mandatory Case Management)	48	Self sufficiency is "the ability to obtai and maintain suitable employment."		
Activity Name/#	Number of Households Transitioned *	Agency Definition of Self Sufficiency		
Activity Name/#	Number of Households Transitioned *	Agency Definition of Self Sufficiency		
Activity Name/#	Activity Name/# Number of Households Transitioned *			
Households Duplicated Across Activities/Definitions	0	* The number provided here should		
NNUAL TOTAL NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS TRANSITIONED TO SELF SUFFICIENCY	48	match the outcome reported when metric SS #8 is used.		

II.6. Report.Wait List

	C. MTW Report: Wait Lis			
	Wait List Information at Fis	cal Year End		
Housing Program(s) *	Wait List Type **	Number of Households on Wait List	Wait List Open, Partially Open or Closed ***	Was the Wait List Opened During the Fiscal Year
Federal MTW Housing Choice Voucher Program	Community-Wide	17,548 3861	Open Open	No No
Federal MTW Public Housing (LMHA Owned and Managed)	Community-Wide			
Federal MTW Public Housing (Third Party Owned and Managed)	Site-Based	840 ⁽¹⁾	Open	No
Liberty Green Site-Based Wait List data only.	Others not available at this time	2.		
ielect Housing Program : Federal MTW Public oice Voucher Units; Tenant-Based Local, Non using Assistance Program; and Combined Ter	-Traditional MTW Housing Assis	tance Program; Proj	ect-Based Local, N	on-Traditional MTW

	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
l	ocal, Non-Traditional Program, please describe:
	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
(ther Wait List Type, please describe:
	N/A
	N/A
	N/A
	ere are any changes to the organizational structure of the wait list or policy changes regarding the wait list, provide a narrative siling these changes.
	Public Housing Waiting Lists

applicant families in which all adult household members are working at least 20 hours per week or are full-time students (an exception is made for elderly and/or disabled adults). The LMHA will only exercise this preference will there are no families eligible for these units on the Housing Authority's internal Scattered Site Unit Referral List.

Added a waiting list preference for former Sheppard Square residents who were relocated by the LMHA as a result of the Housing Authority's HOPE VI Revitalization. This preference is for the revitalized Sheppard Square development only.

In June 2013, HUD published an updated definition of the term "homeless" in PIH Notice 2013-15, Guidance on Housing Individuals and Families Experiencing Homelessness Through the Public Housing and Housing Choice Voucher Programs. The LMHA has thus updated the definition of "Homeless" the Housing Authority uses to determine whether an applicant is eligible for the waiting list preference available to homeless applicants.

Also, LMHA established a new site-based waitlist at Sheppard Square. The wait list was created in anticipation of leasing the units that were created under the HOPE VI Revitalization. The site is operated/managed by a third party.

Housing Choice Voucher Wait List

Additionally, LMHA made the waitlist changes described below to its HCV Administrative Plan:

Updated admissions preferences. LMHA now has two admissions preferences: A family that was in the Homeownership Program after leaving the Housing Choice Voucher program economically independent but who now, through extenuating circumstances, needs Housing Choice Voucher assistance again, and; Special Referral Program families. Four other preferences (Involuntary displacement; Substandard housing; Paying more than 50% of the applicant's gross income for rent and/or utilities, and; A homeless applicant) were removed from the Administrative Plan.

III. Proposed MTW Activities: HUD Approval Requested

All activities proposed in the FY 2014 Plan that were granted approval by HUD are reported on in Section IV as "Approved Activities."

IV. Approved MTW Activities: HUD Approval Previously Granted

This section of the Annual Plan describes approved MTW activities. It includes a brief description, anticipated changes (if any) and new metrics and baselines for each activity. Activities are organized by status:

- A. Implemented;
- B. Not yet implemented;
- C. On hold; and
- D. Closed out.

A. Implemented MTW Activities

For each previously approved and implemented activity, LMHA has provided:

- 1) The Plan Year in which the activity was first approved and implemented;
- 2) A description of the activity and an update on its status;
- 3) An indication of whether or not the Housing Authority anticipates any non-significant changes or modifications to the activity during the Plan Year; and
- 4) An indication of whether or not the Housing Authority anticipates changes or modifications to the metrics, baselines or benchmarks during the Plan year.

Within this report, implemented MTW activities have been grouped by topic area as follows:

- A.1 Occupancy at Elderly/Disabled High Rise Developments
- A.2 MTW Rent Policies (Non Rent Reform Demonstration)
- A.3 Occupancy Criteria for New Scattered Sites
- A.4 Public Housing Development
- A.5 Expanded Homeownership Opportunities
- A.6 Local Leased Housing Program
- A.7 Local, Non-Traditional Housing Programs

A.1 Occupancy at Elderly/Disabled High Rise Developments

LMHA had experienced decreasing occupancy rates at several of its elderly/disabled sites for many years. Through a combination of MTW initiatives, LMHA is reaching its goal of 97% occupancy at these sites. Higher occupancy rates at these sites improve LMHA's operating revenues and achieve greater cost effectiveness, and increase housing choices for 0- and 1-bedroom qualified applicants age 55 to 61.

ACTIVITY #10-2008: Local Definition of Elderly

Plan Year Approved and Implemented
 Activity #10-2008 was proposed and implemented in FY 2008.

2. Description and Impact

This activity allows LMHA to use the following local definition of elderly: any family whose Head of Household, Cohead, or Spouse is age 55 or above. LMHA had been experiencing decreased occupancy rates at its elderly/disabled-only high-rises prior to adopting a local definition of elderly for these communities. The MTW age criterion is used to determine eligibility for residency at Dosker Manor, Avenue Plaza, Lourdes Hall, Will E. Seay Plaza (formerly Bishop Lane Plaza), and Saint Catherine Court.

Opening up these sites to non-disabled families between ages 55 and 61 has raised occupancy rates and increased the pool of 1-bedroom and efficiency units available to these applicants. While these sites had an average occupancy rate of 90.8% when this activity was implemented in FY 2008, at the end of FY 2014, the average occupancy rate was 94.1%. Higher occupancy rates improve the agency's operating revenues and maximize the cost effectiveness of federal funding.

This activity was implemented in FY 2008; it is on schedule.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	Housing Choice #4: Displacement Prevention					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of households at or below 80% AMI that would lose assistance or need to move (decrease). If units reach a specific type of household, give that type in this box:	Households losing assistance/moving prior to implementation of the activity (number). As of FY 2007: 0	Expected households losing assistance/moving after implementation of the activity (number).	Actual households losing assistance/moving after implementation of the activity (number).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. Meets benchmark.		
Families whose HoH, Cohead or Spouse is age 55+ that would like to live at the sites covered by the activity.	Annual <i>number</i> of households at each site losing assistance/moving prior to implementation.	Expected <i>number</i> of households at each site losing assistance/moving 7/1/13 thru 6/30/14.	Actual <i>number</i> of households at each site losing assistance/moving 7/1/13 thru 6/30/14.	Explanation to be provided		
Data Source(s): Emphasys LIB						

Housing Choice #5: Increase in Resident Mobility

Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Number of households able to move to a *better unit and/or neighborhood	Households able to move to a better unit and/or neighborhood of opportunity prior to implementation of the activity (number). This number may be zero.	Expected households able to move to a better unit and/or neighborhood of opportunity after implementation of the activity (number).	Actual increase in households able to move to a better unit and/or neighborhood of opportunity after implementation of the activity (number).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
of opportunity as a result of the activity (increase).	As of FY 2007: 0	N/A - Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	36	N/A – No benchmark was established for this metric.
*Better unit is defined as a unit at one of the sites covered by the activity.	Prior to implementation, number of non-disabled families where HoH, cohead, or spouse is at least age 55, and neither the HoH, cohead, nor spouse is older than 61.	Expected <i>number</i> of non-disabled families where HoH, cohead, or spouse is at least age 55, and neither the HoH, cohead, nor spouse is older than 61 that move into a covered site between 7/1/13 & 6/30/14.	Actual <i>number</i> of non-disabled families where HoH, cohead, or spouse is at least age 55, and neither the HoH, cohead, nor spouse is older than 61 that move into a covered site between 7/1/13 & 6/30/14.	Explanation to be provided
Data Source(s): E	mphasys LIB			

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This is not a rent reform activity.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. This activity has proven effective, and all benchmarks have been met.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from the agency's housing and tenant management software system, Emphasys.

ACTIVITY #23-2010: Lease-Up Incentives for New Residents at Dosker Manor

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #23-2010 was proposed and implemented in FY 2010.

2. Description

This activity provides lease-up incentives to new residents at Dosker Manor, an elderly/disabled high-rise located in downtown Louisville. New residents receive a waiver of the initial deposit and the first month's rent free.

Before the initiative's implementation in FY 2010, occupancy at Dosker Manor had consistently averaged below 90% for some time. In FY 2009, the year before implementation, occupancy was 87%. In the years since implementation (FY 2010 – FY 2014), occupancy has averaged 94%.

This activity was implemented in FY 2010; it is on schedule.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?			
Rental revenue in dollars	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY 2013: \$1,212,767 (Total rental revenue)	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A - Metric not included in FY 2014 Plan	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$63,337 (FY 2014 rental revenue (\$1,276,104) minus FY 2013 rental revenue (\$1,212,767))	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A – No benchmark was established for this metric.			
(increase).	Sum of gross (net) annual rental revenue from new households at Dosker Manor prior to implementation	Expected <i>sum</i> of gross annual rental revenue at Dosker Manor as of 6/30/14	Actual <i>sum</i> of gross rental revenue from new Dosker Manor households that received the lease-up incentive between 7/1/13 thru 6/30/14	Explanation to be provided			
Data Source(s): PF	IA financial records	-	•				

¹ FY 2013 is the earliest year for which data is available.

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This is not a rent reform activity.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. Since HUD Standard Metrics were not included in the FY 2014 Plan, no FY 2014 benchmarks were established. Since implementation of this activity in FY 2010, Dosker Manor occupancy has consistently been higher than pre-implementation. For this reason, LMHA considers this initiative to be effective.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from the agency's financial statements.

A.2 MTW Rent Policies (Non Rent Reform Demonstration)

The MTW Demonstration also allows LMHA to rethink other policies – like the rent policy for the Public Housing and HCV programs – to encourage families to work towards housing self-sufficiency. Alternate rent structures also ease the burden on residents and the agency. As part of LMHA's rent reform goals, the Authority will continue to use HUD's Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) System in its day-to-day operations.

ACTIVITY #32-2012: Elimination of the Mandatory Earned Income Disregard

Plan Year Approved and Implemented
 Activity #32-2012 was proposed and approved in FY 2012. It was implemented in the HCV Program in FY 2012 and in the Public Housing Program in FY 2014.

2. Description and Impact

The Earned Income Disregard (EID) allows tenants who have been out of work to accept a job without having their rent increase right away. During the first year of employment, all earnings are excluded from the calculation of the tenant's rent. During the second year of employment, only half of the tenant's earnings are excluded from this calculation. A tenant may only benefit from the EID for a maximum of 48 months during their lifetime.

This activity was implemented on schedule in the HCV program in FY 2012. The 15 families actively taking advantage of the EID benefit at that time were allowed to continue receiving the disregard under the rules applicable to traditional PHAs. During FY 2012, the Housing Authority saved \$391 in administrative costs by eliminating the calculation of EID, and annual rent revenue increased by approximately \$7,646. Full savings from the activity were not realized that year, as some families continued to receive the EID (Over the course of the year, the number of households receiving the EID decreased from 15 to 5).

By the end of FY 2014, no HCV program households were receiving the EID, saving the agency \$447 in administrative costs and increasing annual rent revenue by approximately \$23,246 when compared to the FY 2011 benchmark.

The LMHA stopped processing the EID for newly-eligible families in the Public Housing program as of April 1, 2014. As FY 2013 data was not tracked for the Public Housing portion of this activity, LMHA does not have baseline data for the year before implementation. Instead, FY 2014 data will be used as the baseline against which future outcomes will be measured.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total cost of task in dollars (decrease).	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the	

¹ Under MTW activity #6-2008, elderly families, whose only other source of income (in addition to earnings from employment) is their Social Security entitlement, are eligible for a \$7,500 annual EID. These families are excluded from activity #32-2012.

As of FY2011: \$447 (15 households * \$29.80) Public Housing Program As of FY2014: \$2,154 (62 households \$34.74) Number of households receiving EID multiplied by the average cost per household to track/calculate annually As of FY2014: \$447 (15 households * \$40 (0				benchmark.
Continue of the series of the average cost per household to track/calculate annually September 1988 September 29.80 September 29.8		HCV Prograi	n	
As of FY2014: \$2,154 (62 households in FY2014 Plan \$34.74) Number of households receiving EID households that will average cost per household to track/calculate annually as \$2,154 (62 households *\$34.74) N/A. Metric not included *\$34.74) N/A. Metric not included *\$34.74) **S34.74) Actual number of households receiving EXPlanation to be provided	(15 households *	\$0 (0 households * \$0)	\$0 (0 households * \$0)	
(62 households in FY2014 Plan *\$34.74) Number of households receiving EID households that will average cost per household to track/calculate annually in FY2014 Plan (FY2014 Plan) *\$34.74) Actual number of households receiving households that will actual average cost per household to calculate/track *\$34.74) Actual number of households receiving EID multiplied by the actual average cost per household to calculate/track		Public Housing Pr	ogram	
receiving EID households that will receive EID multiplied by the average cost per household to track/calculate annually households receiving EID multiplied by the actual average cost per household to track/calculate annually as be provided EID multiplied by the actual average cost per household to calculate/track	(62 households		` '	not included in
prior to implementation of 6/30/14 annually as of 6/30/14	receiving EID multiplied by the average cost per household to	households that will receive EID <i>multiplied by</i> the average anticipated cost per household to track/calculate annually as	households receiving EID <i>multiplied by</i> the actual average cost per household to calculate/track	-

Activity implemented in Public Housing program during FY 2014. No FY 2013 data is available. FY 2014 data will be used as the baseline against which future outcomes will be measured.

Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
		HCV Program	n		
Total time to	As of FY2011: 20.1 hours (15 households * 1.34 hours)	0 hours (0 households * 0 hours)	0 hours (0 households * 0 hours)	Meets benchmark	
complete the task in staff	Public Housing Program				
hours (decrease).	As of FY2014: 65.1 hours (62 households * 1.05 hours)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	65.1 hours (62 households * 1.05 hours)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan.	
	Number of households receiving EID multiplied by the average staff time required per household to track/calculate EID annually prior to implementation mphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial	Expected number of households receiving EID <i>multiplied by</i> the average staff time required per household to track/calculate EID annually as of 6/30/14	Actual households receiving EID multiplied by the average staff time required per household to track/calculate EID annually as of 6/30/14	Explanation to be provided	

Activity implemented in Public Housing program during FY 2014. No FY 2013 data is available. FY 2014 data will be used as the baseline against which future outcomes will be measured.

Cost Effectiveness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of Task Execution					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	

	Average error rate of task prior to implementation of the activity (percentage).	Expected average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (percentage). HCV Programmer of task after implementation of the activity (percentage).	Actual average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (percentage).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
Average error rate in completing a task as a percentage (decrease).	As of FY2011: Not tracked.	N/A (EID no longer calculated)	N/A (EID no longer calculated)	N/A (EID no longer calculated)
The task is		Public Housing P	rogram	
tracking/calculating a household's TTP according to the Mandatory EID rules.	As of FY2014: ¹ Not tracked.	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Not tracked.	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan
	Average error rate, as a percentage, of tracking/calculating household TTP according to EID rules prior to implementation	Expected error rate, as a <i>percentage</i> , of tracking/calculating household TTP according to EID rules as of 6/30/14	Actual error rate, as a <i>percentage</i> , of tracking/calculating household TTP as of 6/30/14	Explanation to be provided.
Data Source(s): Staff logs; E	mphasys			

Activity implemented in Public Housing program during FY 2014. No FY 2013 data is available. FY 2014 data will be used as the baseline against which future outcomes will be measured.

	Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?			
	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.			
	HCV Program						
	As of FY2011: Not	\$23,246	\$23,246	Meets			
Rental revenue	tracked ¹			benchmark.			
in dollars	Public Housing Program						
(increase).	As of FY2014: ² \$93,300	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$93,300	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan.			
	Sum of gross (net)	Expected sum of gross	Actual sum of gross (net)	Explanation to			
	annual rent revenue	(net) annual rental	annual rental revenue	be provided.			
	from households	revenue from households	from households no				
	receiving EID prior to	no longer receiving EID	longer receiving EID as				
	implementation	as of 6/30/14	of 6/30/14				
Data Source(s): En	nphasys; PHA financial reco	rds					

Although the sum of annual rent revenue from families receiving the EID prior to implementation is not available, the Housing Authority did track the amount of annual income disregarded through the EID policy in FY 2011 (\$77,487). Assuming approximately 30% of this amount would have been contributed to the tenant's annual rent, the agency forewent approximately \$23,246 in rent revenue.

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests No hardship requests were received during FY 2014.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

² Activity implemented in Public Housing program during FY 2014. No FY 2013 data is available. FY 2014 data will be used as the baseline against which future outcomes will be measured.

N/A. All HCV program metrics were achieved. No FY 2014 benchmarks were established for the Public Housing program.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from the agency's housing and tenant management software system, Emphasys; staff logs; and agency financial records.

ACTIVITY #8-2008: Standard Medical Deduction

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #8-2008 was proposed and implemented in FY 2008.

2. Description and Impact

Under this activity, disabled and elderly families in both the Public Housing and HCV programs are eligible to receive a \$1,600 standard medical deduction. Families electing the deduction do not have to furnish documentation of medical expenses, such as bills, receipts, records of payment, dates of trips, mileage log, or receipts for fares and tolls. The standard medical deduction is not mandatory; if the families' health care costs exceed the \$1,600 exemption, the family can choose to have their expenses itemized.

While compiling data for this report, LMHA discovered that due to an automatic calculation occurring in the agency's tenant management system, this activity has not been functioning in the manner the agency intended.

Through this MTW activity, LMHA intended for families to receive a flat \$1,600 standard medical deduction regardless of the family's annual income as in the following example:

Family's Annual Income	\$12,000
(Standard Medical Deduction)	- \$ 1,600
Resulting Annual Income	\$10,400

However, under the rules applicable to a traditional PHA, medical expenses can only be deducted to the extent that they exceed 3% of annual income. So a sample family having an annual income of \$12,000 and \$1,600 in medical expenses would have their deduction calculated in the following manner:

Family's Annual Income	\$12,000
(Medical Expenses Exceeding 3% of Income)	- \$ 1,240
Resulting Annual Income	\$10,760

Although LMHA staff has consistently been entering \$1,600 in medical expenses for families eligible for this activity, the agency's computerized tenant management system (which was originally programmed to calculate income according to the rules applicable to a traditional PHA) has only been deducting the portion of the standard medical deduction that exceeds 3% of the family's annual income. The unintended consequence is that families have not been benefiting from this activity to the extent anticipated. The Housing Authority is now working with its software

vendor to correct the issue, and will provide a progress update in the agency's FY 2015 Annual Report.

Despite the systems issue, this activity continued to result in administrative cost savings during FY 2014. Foregoing the verification of medical expenses for the 5,020 households that took the standard medical deduction resulted in savings of \$45,343.

This activity was implemented on schedule in FY 2008.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

CE #1: Agency Cost Savings				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome ²	Benchmark Achieved?
	Cost of task prior to	Expected cost of task	Actual cost of task after	Whether the
	implementation of the	after implementation of	implementation of the	outcome meets
	activity (in dollars).	the activity (in dollars).	activity (in dollars).	or exceeds the
		-		benchmark.
	HCV Program			
	As of FY 2009: \$29,714	N/A. Metric not	As of 6/10/2015:	N/A. Metric
	(3,529 households *	included in FY2014	\$27,982 (3,446	not included in
Total cost of	\$8.42)	Plan	households * \$8.12)	FY2014 Plan
verifying	Public Housing Program			
household	As of FY 2009: \$5,246	N/A. Metric not	As of 6/10/2015:	N/A. Metric
medical	(623 * \$8.42)	included in FY2014	\$17,361 (1,574	not included in
expenses and		Plan	households * \$11.03)	FY2014 Plan
calculating		Agency-Wio	de	
household	As of FY 2009: \$34,960	N/A. Metric not	As of 6/10/2015:	N/A. Metric
medical	(\$29,714 in HCV+ \$5,246	included in FY2014	\$45,343 (\$27,982 in	not included in
deductions in	in Public Housing)	Plan	HCV + \$17,361 in	FY2014 Plan
dollars			Public Housing)	
(decrease).	Number of households	Anticipated number of	Actual number of	Explanation to
	receiving the itemized	households receiving	households receiving	be provided
	medical deduction	the standard medical	the standard medical	
	multiplied by the average	deduction multiplied by	deduction multiplied by	
	cost per household to	the average cost savings	the average cost savings	
	calculate/verify medical	per household to use	per household to use the	
	expenses annually prior to	the standard deduction	standard deduction	
	implementation	during FY 2014	during FY 2014	
Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records				

FY 2009 is earliest year for which data is available. Staff cost averages hourly rate with benefits for HCV Specialist and Public Housing Service Specialist (\$25.25 / hour).

² FY 2014 data is not available. Outcomes are reported as of 6/10/2015.

CE #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome ²	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total time to	Total amount of staff time	Expected amount of	Actual amount of total	Whether the	
complete	dedicated to the task prior to	total staff time	staff time dedicated to	outcome	
verifications of	implementation of the	dedicated to the task	the task after	meets or	
medical	activity (in hours).	after implementation of	implementation of the	exceeds the	
expenses and		the activity (in hours).	activity (in hours).	benchmark.	
calculations of	HCV Program				
medical	As of FY 2009: 1,176 hours	N/A. Metric not	As of 6/10/2015: 1,149	N/A. Metric	

deduction in	(3,529 households * 0.33	included in FY2014	hours (3,446	not included
staff hours	hours)	Plan	households * 0.33	in FY2014
(decrease).			hours)	Plan
	Public Housing Program			
	As of FY 2009: 208 hours	N/A. Metric not	As of 6/10/2015: 525	N/A. Metric
	(623 households * 0.33	included in FY2014	hours (1,574	not included
	hours)	Plan	households * 0.33	in FY2014
			hours)	Plan
	Agency-Wide			
	As of FY 2009: 1,384 hours	N/A. Metric not	As of 6/10/2015: 1,674	N/A. Metric
	(1,176 hours in HCV + 208)	included in FY2014	hours (1,149 hours in	not included
	hours in Public Housing)	Plan	HCV + 525 hours in	in FY2014
			Public Housing)	Plan
	Number of households	Anticipated number of	Actual number of	Explanation
	receiving the itemized	households receiving	households receiving	to be
	medical deduction	the standard medical	the standard medical	provided
	multiplied by the average	deduction multiplied by	deduction multiplied by	
	staff time required per	the average staff time	the average staff time	
	household to	savings per use the	savings per use the	
	calculate/verify medical	standard medical	standard medical	
	expenses annually before	deduction during FY	deduction during FY	
	implementation	2014	2014	
Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records				

¹ FY 2009 is earliest year for which data is available. ² FY 2014 data is not available. Outcomes are reported as of 6/10/2015.

Cost Effectiveness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of Task Execution				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Average error rate in completing the calculation of a household's medical deduction, as a percentage (decrease).	Average error rate of task prior to implementation of the activity (percentage). As of FY2009: Not tracked As of FY2009: Not tracked	Expected average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (percentage). HCV Progr N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Public Housing I N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	As of 6/10/2015: Not tracked	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan
	Agency-Wide			
	As of FY2009: Not tracked	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	As of 6/10/2015: Not tracked	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan
	Average error rate, as a percentage, of calculating a household's medical deduction prior to implementation	Expected error rate, as a percentage, of calculating a household's medical deduction as of 6/30/14	Actual error rate, as a percentage, of calculating a household's medical deduction as of 6/30/14	Explanation to be provided.

Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome ¹	Benchmark Achieved?

	Rental revenue prior to	Expected rental revenue	Actual rental revenue	Whether the		
	implementation of the	after implementation of	after implementation of	outcome meets		
	activity (in dollars).	the activity (in dollars).	the activity (in dollars).	or exceeds the		
	•	-	-	benchmark.		
		HCV Progr	ram			
	As of FY2009: Not	N/A. Metric not included	As of 6/10/2015:	N/A. Metric		
	tracked	in FY2014 Plan	\$12,234,144	not included in		
				FY2014 Plan		
		Public Housing 1	Program			
	As of FY2009: Not	N/A. Metric not included	As of 6/10/2015:	N/A. Metric		
Rental revenue	tracked	in FY2014 Plan	\$3,243,984	not included in		
in dollars				FY2014 Plan		
(increase).	Agency-Wide					
(mercuse).	As of FY2009: Not	N/A. Metric not included	As of 6/10/2015:	N/A. Metric		
	tracked	in FY2014 Plan	\$15,478,128	not included in		
			(\$12,234,144 in HCV +	FY2014 Plan		
			\$3,243,984 in Public			
			Housing)			
	Sum of gross (net)	Expected sum of gross	Actual <i>sum</i> of gross (net)	Explanation to		
	annual rent revenue	(net) annual rental	annual rental revenue	be provided.		
	from households	revenue from households	from households			
	receiving medical	receiving standard	receiving standard			
	deductions prior to	medical deductions as of	medical deductions as of			
		C 10 0 14 4	6/20/14			
	implementation 6/30/14 6/30/14 Data Source(s): Emphasys; PHA financial records					

²FY 2014 data is not available. Outcomes are reported as of 6/10/2015.

No hardship requests were made during FY 2014. Thirty-two families in the HCV program and 13 families in the Public Housing program with medical expenses exceeding \$1,600 chose to have their medical expenses itemized.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. Because HUD Standard Metrics were not included in the FY 2014 Plan, no FY 2014 benchmarks were established.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from the agency's housing and tenant management software system, Emphasys; staff logs; and agency financial records.

ACTIVITY #4-2007: Alternate Year Reexaminations of Elderly and Disabled Families

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #4-2007 was proposed and implemented in FY 2008.

2. Description and Impact

This activity allows LMHA to conduct a re-certification of elderly and disabled families in the Public Housing and HCV programs once every two years instead of annually.

In the HCV program, eligible households receive a full reexamination every odd numbered fiscal year. In even numbered years, families are required to complete a mini-recertification packet, which they return to the agency by mail. In the Public Housing program, each year 50% of eligible families receive a full reexamination of eligibility on the anniversary of their lease-up date.

This activity was implemented on schedule in FY 2008. Originally, the only households eligible for biennial recertifications were elderly families and disabled families where the head of household and/or spouse was age 55+. The activity was significantly amended in FY 2012 to include all disabled families, and HCV staff began conducting biennial recertifications for all disabled families that year. The expanded activity has not yet been implemented in the Public Housing program. The required changes were made to the agency's ACOP during FY 2014, and the Public Housing program plans to expand the activity to all disabled families during calendar year 2015.

As FY 2014 was an even numbered fiscal year, LMHA conducted mini-recertifications instead of full reexaminations for all elderly and disabled families in the HCV Program. In total, the agency spent \$14,080 to conduct 2,312 mini-recertifications. Had the agency conducted a full reexamination for each of these families, the cost would have been \$56,297. Thus, this activity produced \$42,217 in administrative cost savings in the HCV program during FY 2014.

In the Public Housing program during FY 2014, the agency spent \$17,473 to conduct full reexaminations of 704 of the 1,248 households that were either elderly families or disabled families where the head, co-head, and/or spouse was age 55+. Had LMHA done a full reexamination of all 1,248 of these Public Housing families, the cost would have been \$30,975. Thus, this activity produced \$13,502 in administrative cost savings in the Public Housing program during the fiscal year.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	CE #1: Agency Cost Savings				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
		HCV Program	n		
Total cost of	As of FY2008: \$65,801 (2,607 full recertifications * \$25.24)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$14,080 (2,312 mini- recertifications * \$6.09)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	
task in dollars	Public Housing Program				
(decrease).	As of FY2008 : 2 \$33,847 (1,788 households *\$18.93)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$17,473 (704 full recertifications * \$24.82)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	
		Agency-Wide			
	As of FY2008: \$99,648 (\$65,801 in HCV + \$33,847 in Public Housing)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$31,553 (\$14,080 in HCV + \$17,473 in Public Housing)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	
	Number of recertifications of eligible families <i>multiplied by</i>	Expected number of recertifications of	Actual number of recertifications of	Explanation to be provided	

	the average cost to conduct a recertification prior to implementation	eligible families during FY 2014 multiplied by the average cost per recertification	eligible families during FY 2014 multiplied by the average cost per recertification				
Data Source(s): En	Data Source(s): Emphasys: PIC: Staff logs.						

¹FY 2008 is earliest year for which data is available. 919 mini-recertifications were conducted that year. However, in FY 2008, only elderly families and disabled families where the head of household and/or spouse was age 55+ were eligible for a biennial recertification. This activity was expanded in FY 2012 to include all disabled families. Baseline estimates cost of doing a full recertification for all FY 2008 families that would have been eligible for current, expanded activity as follows: 1 hour per household *\$25.24 per staff hour * 2,607 households (919 households eligible for activity in FY 2008 + 1,688 disabled households that would have been eligible under current expanded activity).

² FY 2008 is earliest year for which data is available. 894 full reexaminations were conducted that year. Assuming twice as many families would have been reexamined had the activity not been in place, the baseline has been estimated as follows: 1,788 households * 0.75 hours per household * \$24.90 per staff hour.

	Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
		HCV Prog	ram			
	As of FY2008: 1 2,607 hours (2,607 recertifications * 1 hour)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	578 hours (2,312 minirecertifications * 0.25 hours)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
	,	Public Housing	,	11201111111		
Total time to complete the task in staff	As of FY2008: ² 1,341 hours (1,788 full recertifications *0.75 hours)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	528 hours (704 full recertifications * 0.75 hours)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
hours	,	Agency-W	/ide			
(decrease).	As of FY2008: 3,948 hours (2,607 hours in HCV + 1,341 hours in Public Housing)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	1,106 hours (578 hours in HCV + 528 hours in Public Housing)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
	Number of recertifications of eligible families multiplied by the average staff time required per recertification before activity implementation	Expected number of recertifications of eligible families during FY 2014 multiplied by the average staff time required per recertification	Actual number of recertifications of eligible families during FY 2014 multiplied by the average staff time required per recertification	Explanation to be provided		
Data Source(s): E	recertification before	recertification				

¹FY 2008 is earliest year for which data is available. 919 mini-recertifications were conducted that year. However, in FY 2008, only elderly families and families where head of household and/or spouse was age 55+ were eligible for a biennial recertification. This activity was expanded in FY 2012 to include all disabled families. Baseline estimates total hours of staff time required to conduct a full recertification for all FY 2008 families that would have been eligible for current, expanded activity as follows: 1 hour per household * 2,607 households (919 elderly households eligible for activity in FY 2008 + 1,688 disabled households that would have been eligible under current expanded activity).

² FY 2008 is earliest year for which data is available. 894 full reexaminations were conducted that year. Assuming twice as many families would have been reexamined had the activity not been in place, baseline estimates staff time as follows: 1,788 households * 0.75 hours per household.

	Cost Effectiven	ess #5: Increase in Age	ency Rental Revenue			
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
		HCV Pr				
	As of FY 2008: Not tracked	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$8,610,180	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
	Public Housing Program					
Rental revenue in dollars	As of FY 2008: Not tracked	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$2,705,316	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
(increase).	Agency-Wide					
	As of FY 2008: Not tracked	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$11,315,496 (\$8,610,180 in HCV + \$2,705,316 in Public Housing)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
	Sum of gross (net) annual rent revenue from eligible households prior to implementation	Expected <i>sum</i> of gross (net) annual rent revenue from eligible households as of 6/30/14	Actual <i>sum</i> of gross (net) annual rent revenue from eligible households as of 6/30/14	Explanation to be provided.		
Data Source(s): En	nphasys; PHA financial reco	rds				

No hardship requests were made during FY 2014. Elderly (55+) and/or disabled families that experience a loss of income or an increase in expenses between biennial recertifications may request an interim reexamination.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. Since HUD Standard Metrics were not included in the FY 2014 Plan, no FY 2014 benchmarks were established.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from the agency's housing and tenant management software system, Emphasys; PIC; staff logs; and agency financial records.

ACTIVITY #6-2008: Earned Income Disregard for Elderly HCV Families

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
 Activity #6-2008 was proposed and implemented in FY 2008.
- 2. Description and Impact

This activity provides a \$7,500 earned income disregard to elderly families in the HCV program who's only other sources of income (in addition to earnings from employment) are Social Security entitlements.

During FY 2014, four elderly HCV households took advantage of the EID, and a total of \$14,751 of earned income was disregarded. Assuming these families would have paid approximately 30% of these earnings in rent, these families retained a total of \$4,425 in additional income that otherwise would have gone to rent payments. In addition, LMHA did not have to verify earned income for these four families, producing \$24.35 in administrative cost savings.

This activity was implemented on schedule in FY 2008. Baseline data for the year prior to implementation (FY 2007) is not available. Baseline data is as of the earliest year for which data is available, FY 2009.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Self-Sufficiency #1: Increase in Household Income					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Average earned income	Average earned income of households affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected average earned income of households affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual average earned income of households affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
of households affected by this policy in dollars	FY 2009: \$5,651	\$5,000	\$3,688	Outcome does not meet benchmark. See section 3 below for explanation.	
(increase). Data Source(s): E	Average gross annual income from the number of eligible HCV households before implementation	Expected average gross income from the number of eligible HCV households as of 6/30/14	Actual average gross income from the number of eligible HCV households as of 6/30/14	Explanation to be provided	

¹ FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

Self-	Self-Sufficiency #3: Increase in Positive Outcomes in Employment Status					
Report the Baseline, Benchmark and Outcome data for each type of employment status for those head(s) of						
	households affected by the self-sufficiency activity.					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ^{1&2}	Benchmark ²	Outcome ²	Benchmark Achieved?		
Report the following information separately for each category:	Head(s) of households in < <category name="">> prior to implementation of the activity (number). This number may be zero.</category>	Expected head(s) of households in < <category name="">> after implementation of the activity (number).</category>	Actual head(s) of households in < <category name="">> after implementation of the activity (number).</category>	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
(1) Employed Full- Time	As of FY 2009: 0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	Meets benchmark.		
(2) Employed Part- Time	As of FY 2009: 0% (0 households / 0	0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	Meets benchmark.		

	households)			
(3) Enrolled in an Educational Program	As of FY 2009: 0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	Meets benchmark.
(4) Enrolled in Job Training Program	As of FY 2009: 0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	Meets benchmark.
(5) Unemployed	As of FY 2009: 0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	Meets benchmark.
(6) Other	As of FY 2009: 0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	0% (0 households / 0 households)	Meets benchmark.
	Percentage of total workable households in < <category name="">> prior to implementation of activity (percent). This number may be zero.</category>	Expected percentage of total work-able households in < <category name="">> as of 6/30/2014 (percent).</category>	Actual percentage of total work-able households in < <category name="">> as of 6/30/2014 (percent).</category>	Explanation to be provided.
Data Source(s): Emphasy	ys .		•	•

¹ FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

² HUD's instructions indicate that baseline, benchmark, and outcome numbers should include the "percentage of total work-able households" in each category. LMHA does not consider elderly families to be "work-able" households.

Self-Sufficiency #5: Households Assisted by Services that Increase Self Sufficiency					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ^{1&2}	Benchmark ²	Outcome ²	Benchmark Achieved?	
Number of households receiving services aimed to increase self sufficiency (increase).	Households receiving self sufficiency services prior to implementation of the activity (number).	Expected number of households receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (number).	Actual number of households receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (number).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
	As of FY2009: 0	0	0	Meets benchmark.	
				Explanation to be provided	
Data Source(s): Emphasys					

¹ FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

² Elderly and disabled families are excluded from LMHA's definition of "households transitioned to self sufficiency" as these households are not considered "work-able." Since these households by definition cannot transition to self-sufficiency, they are not considered to receive services that promote self sufficiency.

Self-Sufficiency #8: Households Transitioned to Self Sufficiency				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ^{1&2}	Benchmark ²	Outcome ²	Benchmark Achieved?

N 1 61 1 11	Households	Expected	Actual households	Whether the
Number of households	transitioned to self	households	transitioned to self	outcome meets
transitioned to self	sufficiency (< <pha< td=""><td>transitioned to self</td><td>sufficiency (<<pha< td=""><td>or exceeds the</td></pha<></td></pha<>	transitioned to self	sufficiency (< <pha< td=""><td>or exceeds the</td></pha<>	or exceeds the
sufficiency (increase). The	definition of self-	sufficiency (< <pha< td=""><td>definition of self-</td><td>benchmark.</td></pha<>	definition of self-	benchmark.
PHA may create one or	sufficiency>>) prior	definition of self-	sufficiency>>) after	
more definitions for "self	to implementation of	sufficiency>>) after	implementation of	
sufficiency" to use for this	the activity	implementation of	the activity	
metric. Each time the PHA	(number). This	the activity	(number).	
uses this metric, the "Outcome" number should	number may be zero.	(number).		
also be provided in Section	0	0	0	Meets
(II) Operating Information				benchmark.
in the space provided.				Explanation to
in the space provided.				be provided
Data Source(s): Emphasys	·	·	·	

¹ FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.
² Elderly and disabled families are excluded from LMHA's definition of "households transitioned to self sufficiency" as these households are not considered "work-able."

CE #1: Agency Cost Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total cost of	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
task in dollars (decrease).	As of FY2009: \$102.16 (16 households * \$6.39)	\$59.20 (10 households * \$5.92)	\$24.35 (4 households * \$6.09)	Outcome does not meet benchmark. See section 3 below for explanation.	
	mnhasys: Staff logs: PHA fi			Explanation to be provided	

¹ FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

	CE #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Total time to complete the	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
task in staff hours (decrease).	As of FY2009: 4 hours (16 households * 0.25 hours)	2.5 hours (10 households * 0.25 hours)	1 hour (4 households * 0.25 hours)	Outcome does not meet benchmark. See section 3 below for explanation.		
Data Source(s): Er	Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records					

¹ FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

Cost Effectiveness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of Task Execution				
Unit of	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark
Measurement	Measurement	Deneminar K	Jucome	Achieved?

Average error rate in completing a task as a percentage (decrease).	Average error rate of task prior to implementation of the activity (percentage). FY 2009: Not tracked	Expected average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (percentage). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (percentage). Not tracked	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to
Data Source(s): St	raff logs			be provided.

FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

	Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Rental revenue in	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
dollars (increase).	As of FY 2009: Not tracked	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$24,756	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
Data Source(s): Ex	mphasys; PHA financial r	ecords		Explanation to be provided.		

Although the sum of annual rent revenue from families eligible for the activity in FY 2009 is not available, the Housing Authority did track the amount of annual income disregarded through the EID policy that year (\$90,420). Assuming approximately 30% of this amount would have been contributed to the tenant's annual rent, the agency forewent approximately \$27,126 in rent revenue.

No hardship requests were made during FY 2014. Activity cannot adversely affect eligible households

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

Self-Sufficiency #1: Increase in Household Income

LMHA anticipated that the average earned income of elderly HCV households taking advantage of the EID during FY 2014 would be \$5,000. In fact, earned income averaged \$3,688. However, of the 4 households benefiting from the EID, half earned less than \$5,000 and half earned more than this amount with earned income ranging from \$180 to \$6,379. Given the small sample size and the fact that half of affected households earned more than the benchmark, LMHA does not believe that this outcome indicates reduced effectiveness of the activity.

CE #1: Agency Cost Savings

LMHA anticipated that this activity would produce \$59.20 in administrative cost savings during FY 2014. In fact, these savings totaled \$24.35. This activity has traditionally affected a very small number of elderly HCV households with only three families taking advantage of the earned income disregard in FY 2013. Given the fact that the number of households benefiting from the activity increased year-over-year, LMHA does not believe that this outcome indicates reduced effectiveness of the activity.

CE #2: Staff Time Savings

LMHA anticipated that this activity would save 2.5 hours of staff time during FY 2014. In fact, staff time savings totaled 1.0 hours. This activity has traditionally saved a very small number of staff hours with only 0.75 hours saved in FY 2013. Given the fact that the number of staff hours saved increased year-over-year, LMHA does not believe that this outcome indicates reduced effectiveness of the activity.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from the agency's housing and tenant management software system, Emphasys; PIC; staff logs; and agency financial records.

A.3 Occupancy Criteria for New Scattered Sites

ACTIVITY #9-2007: Term Limits and Employment / Education Requirements in New Scattered Site Units

ACTIVITY #21-2010: Mandatory Case Management in New Scattered Site Units

Many of LMHA's Scattered Sites are highly desirable properties, especially the newly acquired or constructed off-site HOPE VI Clarksdale Replacement Scattered Site units. The amenities and existing low rent structure may in some instances discourage residents from moving out of the unit towards self-sufficiency. LMHA is piloting term limits (Activity #9-2007), work requirements (Activity #9-2007) and mandatory case management (Activity #21-2010) for residents at these sites and evaluating the potential of the initiatives to incite residents to move up and out of the Public Housing program. Because these two activities affect the same population, including standard metrics tables for each activity would simply repeat the same metrics twice. The two activities function together, and the agency is unable to say how much each activity separately influenced the outcomes. For this reason, the LMHA has combined the reporting for these activities. All required reporting elements are provided for each activity.

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #9-2007 (Term Limits and Work Requirements) was proposed and implemented in FY 2007.
Activity #21-2010 (Mandatory Case Management) was proposed and implemented in FY 2010.

2. Description and Impact

Activities #9-2007 (Term Limits and Employment / Education Requirements) and #21-2010 (Mandatory Case Management) apply to public housing families residing at detached single-family, scattered site houses created off-site under the Clarksdale HOPE VI Revitalization program and to those acquired or developed since LMHA fulfilled its Clarksdale one-for-one replacement commitment.

Jointly, the activities impose a five-year occupancy term limit; require that heads of household who are neither elderly nor disabled be employed and working at least 20 hours per week; and provide that all families (including elderly and disabled) must participate in a case management program. The work requirement may be temporarily waived for full-time students enrolled at an accredited post-secondary educational institution.

Residents moving from another public housing unit to one of these houses may choose between general case management requiring quarterly contact or the Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) program requiring monthly contact. Both case management options assist residents with movement toward self-sufficiency and include working to identify and eliminate barriers to sustained employment along with referrals to services related to education, employment, health, financial skills and home ownership. Residents opting for FSS commit to a more structured program with required financial skills classes as well as the potential to benefit from the FSS escrow account or an Individual Development Account (IDA). Residents agreeing to move directly from the external LMHA wait list to a term-limited unit are required to enroll in FSS.

Residents in the FSS program can benefit from two asset building options. Rent increases from earned income will be placed in an escrow account, which the resident will receive when completing FSS. Escrow accumulation will be limited for residents with significant earned income at the time of

FSS enrollment. For these residents LMHA may offer an IDA (matched savings) account to supplement the escrow account.

Residents who at the end of the five-year period are not ready to move to either market-rate rental housing or home ownership may request an extension to the occupancy term limit. Extensions may be considered based on accident or illness, completion of post-secondary education, or documented evidence of efforts to obtain market-rate rental or purchase a home. Under no circumstance will participation be extended more than two additional years. Residents who fail to participate in mandatory case management activities will be submitted to property management staff; the next step is returning to a public housing development that does not have work / education / case management requirements.

By all measures this activity has been highly successful at moving families towards self sufficiency. In FY 2014, a full 44% of the 109 non-elderly / non-disabled families living in the units covered by these activities met LMHA's definition of **self sufficiency** (see next paragraph). The employment rate for these households is more than 3 times the rate across all of the agency's public housing (63% versus 21%), and average earned income is almost 6 times as high (\$20,766 for affected households versus \$3,636 across all public housing). Average monthly rent payments are also higher (\$200 versus \$158), reducing the agency's per unit subsidy costs for participating households.

One of the HUD Standard Metrics for this activity requires LMHA to report the "number of households transitioned to self sufficiency," and asks the Housing Authority to define **self sufficiency** for itself. LMHA has chosen to define **self sufficiency** as "the ability of a non-elderly / non-disabled family to obtain and maintain suitable employment." For the purposes of this definition, **employment** means the household must be receiving earned income, and **suitable** is defined as annual earned income equal to or exceeding the minimum wage multiplied by 2,000 hours, which is equal to \$14,500 as of the writing of this Report. This is the minimum income required for a family to participate in the HCV Homeownership program. **Maintaining** employment is defined as being continuously employed for at least 1 year. If the head of household has completed educational milestones within the last 3 months, he/she can meet **maintaining** employment as follows: certification program – 9 months employment in the certified field; associate's degree – 6 months employment in a related field, and; bachelor's degree – 3 months employment in a related field.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	Self-Sufficiency #1: Increase in Household Income					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Average earned income of households	Average earned income of households affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected average earned income of households affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual average earned income of households affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
affected by this policy in dollars (increase).	As of FY 2010: Not tracked.	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$20,766	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
Data Source(s): E	mphasys: PIC			Explanation to be provided		

¹ FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

Self-Sufficiency #2: Increase in Household Savings

Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome ²	Benchmark Achieved?
Average amount of savings/escrow of households affected by this	Average savings/escrow amount of households affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). This number may be zero.	Expected average savings/escrow amount of households affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual average savings/escrow amount of households affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
policy in dollars (increase).	As of FY 2010: Not tracked.	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$3,310	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan
, , ,	acking-at-a-Glance			Explanation to be provided

¹ FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available. ² FY 2014 outcome data is not available. Data is as of 6/11/2015.

Self	-Sufficiency #3: Increase	in Positive Outcomes	in Employment Status	
	line, Benchmark and Outcom	e data for each type of e	mployment status for thos	
TT *4 P	households affect	ted by the self-sufficiency	v activity.	
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome ²	Benchmark Achieved?
Report the	Head(s) of households in	Expected head(s) of	Actual head(s) of	Whether the
following	< <category name="">> prior</category>	households in	households in	outcome meets
information	to implementation of the	< <category name="">></category>	< <category name="">></category>	or exceeds the
separately for each	activity (number). This	after implementation	after implementation	benchmark.
category:	number may be zero.	of the activity	of the activity	
		(number).	(number).	
(1) Employed Full-	As of FY 2010: Not	N/A. Metric not	45% (49 of 109	N/A. Metric
Time	tracked ²	included in FY2014	households)	not included in
		Plan		FY2014 Plan
(2) Employed Part-	As of FY 2010: Not	N/A. Metric not	18% (20 of 109	N/A. Metric
Time	tracked ²	included in FY2014	households)	not included in
		Plan		FY2014 Plan
(3) Enrolled in an	As of FY 2010: Not	N/A. Metric not	8% (9 of 109	N/A. Metric
Educational	tracked	included in FY2014	households)	not included in
Program		Plan		FY2014 Plan
(4) Enrolled in Job	As of FY 2010: Not	N/A. Metric not	2% (2 of 109	N/A. Metric
Training Program	tracked	included in FY2014	households)	not included in
		Plan		FY2014 Plan
(5) Unemployed	As of FY 2010: 22% (17	N/A. Metric not	37% (40 of 109	N/A. Metric
	of approximately 78	included in FY2014	households)	not included in
(6) 0.1	households) ⁴	Plan N/A. Metric not	NT 1 . 1	FY2014 Plan
(6) Other	As of FY 2010: Not		Not tracked	N/A. Metric
	tracked	included in FY2014		not included in
	Percentage of total work-	Plan Expected percentage	Actual percentage of	FY2014 Plan Explanation to
	able households in	of total work-able	total work-able	be provided.
	<category name="">> prior</category>	households in	households in	be provided.
	to implementation of	<category name="">></category>	<category name="">></category>	
	activity (percent). This	as of 6/30/2014	as of 6/30/2014	
	number may be zero.	(percent).	(percent).	
Data Carraga (a), Emplo	named may be zero.	(percent).	(percent).	

Data Source(s): Emphasys

1 FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

² Although LMHA did not track part-time vs. full-time employment in FY 2010, the agency did track employment status more generally. That year 61 (78%) of approximately 78 non-elderly / non-disabled heads of household were employed.

Outcome data is as of 6/11/2015. Although 112 households lived in term-limited scattered site units as of this date, outcomes for this metric only include 109 non-elderly / non-disabled families. Three elderly / disabled families are excluded as these households are not subject to the employment / education requirement.

⁴ Although 100 households lived in term-limited scattered site units in FY 2010, this baseline only includes 78 non-elderly / non-disabled families. Twenty-two elderly / disabled families are excluded as these households were not subject to the employment / education requirement.

Self-Sufficie	Self-Sufficiency #4: Households Removed from Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of households receiving TANF assistance (decrease).	Households receiving TANF prior to implementation of the activity (number). As of FY 2010: Not tracked	Expected number of households receiving TANF after implementation of the activity (number). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual households receiving TANF after implementation of the activity (number). 16% (18 of 112 households)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to be		
Data Source(s): E	mphasys			provided		

¹ FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

Self-	Self-Sufficiency #5: Households Assisted by Services that Increase Self Sufficiency					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome ²	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of households receiving services aimed	Households receiving self sufficiency services prior to implementation of the activity (number).	Expected number of households receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (number).	Actual number of households receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (number).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
to increase self sufficiency (increase).	As of FY 2010: 36% (36 of 100 households)	85%	88% (98 of 112 households)	Outcome meets benchmark		
, ,	acking-at-a-Glance; Emphasys			Explanation to be provided		

¹ FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

² FY 2014 outcome data is not available. Data is as of 6/11/2015.

Self-Suff	Self-Sufficiency #6: Reducing Per Unit Subsidy Costs for Participating Households					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Average amount of Section 8 and/or 9 subsidies per	Average subsidy per household affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
household affected by this policy in dollars (decrease).	As of FY 2010: Not tracked	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$6,108	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
Data Source(s): Emphasys; PIC; PHA financial records Explanation to be provided						

¹ FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

Self-Sufficiency #7: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
PHA rental revenue in dollars (increase).	PHA rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY 2010: Not tracked	Expected PHA rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual PHA rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$247,188	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	
				Explanation to be provided	
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; PHA financial records	S			

¹ FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

Self-Su	Self-Sufficiency #8: Households Transitioned to Self Sufficiency					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of households transitioned to self sufficiency (increase). The PHA may create one or more definitions for "self sufficiency" to use for this metric. Each time the PHA uses this metric, the	Households transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency>>) prior to implementation of the activity (number). This number may be zero.</pha 	Expected households transitioned to self sufficiency (<< PHA definition of self-sufficiency>>) after implementation of the activity (number).	Actual households transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency>>) after implementation of the activity (number).</pha 	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
"Outcome" number should also be provided in Section (II) Operating Information in the space provided.	As of FY 2010: Not tracked	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	44% (48 of 109 households) ²	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to be provided		

¹ FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

² As a baseline was not established for this metric, LMHA is not able to say how many families were "transitioned" to self sufficiency during the year. Instead, the outcome represents the number of households that met the agency's definition of "self sufficiency" as of 6/11/2015. Furthermore, although 112 households lived in term-limited scattered site units as of this date, the outcome only includes 109 non-elderly / non-disabled families. Three elderly / disabled families are not included as these households are excluded from the LMHA's definition of "self sufficiency" (See Section 1 above.).

Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome ²	Benchmark
				Achieved?
Average applicant time on wait list in	Average applicant time on wait list prior to implementation of the activity (in months). As of FY 2010: Not tracked	Expected average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months). 28 months	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to
Data Source(s): Em				be provided

¹ FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

² FY 2014 outcome data is not available. Data is as of 6/11/2015.

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. All benchmarks were met.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from the agency's housing and tenant management software system, Emphasys; PIC; Tracking-at-a-Glance; and agency financial records.

A.4 Public Housing Development

LMHA's goal is to transform the physical stock of the original family developments owned and managed by the agency in the coming years, replacing the current public housing developments with mixed income communities, while at the same time providing replacement units so that the overall number of families served will not decrease. LMHA has implemented the following MTW initiative designed to expedite the redevelopment process and ensure that all new and newly acquired properties are energy-efficient and cost effective.

ACTIVITY #18-2009: Simplification of the Public Housing Development Submittal

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #18-2009 was proposed and implemented in FY 2009.

2. Description and Impact

This activity simplifies the public housing development submittal process for each acquired or developed public housing property. Twice yearly, LMHA also submits a six month report summarizing the Agency's acquisition and development activities to the HUD Louisville Field Office. The activity has reduced the amount of time staff spends preparing development submittals and reduced the average length of time to close on a property.

Although LMHA did not use the regulatory flexibility provided through this MTW activity during FY 2014 as the agency did not acquire any public housing units, between FY 2009 and FY 2013 the initiative reduced the amount of staff time required to prepare a proposal significantly from 25 hours to 7.5 hours. The length of time required to close on a property was also reduced from an average of 8-10 weeks to approximately 6 weeks.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Total cost of	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
task in dollars (decrease).	As of FY 2008: \$12,249 (9 submittals *25 hours * \$54.44 per hour)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	\$0 (0 submittals * 0 hours)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan
Data Source(s): St	aff logs; PHA financial record	c c		Explanation to be provided

¹ FY 2008 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available. Staff hourly rate for FY 2008 is not available. FY 2009 hourly rate of \$54.44 (including benefits) was used instead.

Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	

Total time to complete the task in staff hours (decrease).	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
	As of FY 2008: 225 hours (9 submittals *25 hours)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	0 hours (0 submittals * 0 hours)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan
				Explanation to be provided
Data Source(s): S	taff logs; PHA financial records			•

¹ FY 2008 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

Ног	ısing Choice #1: Addition	nal Units of Housing	Made Available	
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Number of new housing units made available for households at or below 80% AMI as a result of	Housing units of this type prior to implementation of the activity (number). This number may be zero.	Expected housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (number).	Actual housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (number).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
the activity (increase). If units reach a specific type of household, give that type in this box.	As of 2008: Not tracked	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	0	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to
Data Source(s): PIC; Staff lo	are			be provided

¹ FY 2008 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. Since HUD Standard Metrics were not included in the FY 2014 Plan, no FY 2014 benchmarks were established.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from PIC; staff logs; and agency financial records.

A.5 Expanded Homeownership Opportunities

ACTIVITY #3-2006: Amount and Distribution of HCV Homeownership Assistance

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #3-2006 was proposed and implemented in FY 2006.

2. Description and Impact

This activity allows LMHA to offer a two-bedroom payment standard for all one-bedroom-eligible HCV Homeownership households and maintains the 110% of FMR local payment standard and the 120% of FMR payment standard in exception rent areas for the Homeownership program.

During FY 2014, eight HCV Homeownership Program participants purchased a home. This activity permitted 3 one-bedroom-eligible families to purchase a unit using the two-bedroom payment standard. None of these families bought homes in exception payment areas.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings ¹					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
iı	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
(decrease).	As of FY 2005: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A Explanation to be provided	

¹ This activity does not modify the cost of any task performed by LMHA staff. Staff simply substitute one payment standard value for another when carrying out the same tasks they performed prior to implementation.

Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings ¹					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total time to complete the task in staff	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
hours	As of FY 2005: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
(decrease).				Explanation to be provided	
Data Source(s): N	/A	_			

¹ This activity does not modify the amount of time spent on any task performed by LMHA staff. Staff simply substitute one payment standard value for another when carrying out the same tasks they performed prior to implementation.

Housing Choice #5: Increase in Resident Mobility					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	

	Households able to move to	Expected households	Actual increase in	Whether the
Number of	a better unit and/or	able to move to a better	households able to	outcome meets
households	neighborhood of opportunity	unit and/or	move to a better unit	or exceeds the
able to move	prior to implementation of	neighborhood of	and/or neighborhood	benchmark.
to a better unit	the activity (number). This	opportunity after	of opportunity after	
and/or	number may be zero.	implementation of the	implementation of the	
neighborhood		activity (number).	activity (number).	
of opportunity	As of FY 2005: 0	N/A. Metric not	3	N/A. Metric
as a result of		included in FY2014		not included in
the activity		Plan		FY2014 Plan
(increase).				Explanation to
				be provided
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; Staff logs			

Housing Choice #6: Increase in Homeownership Opportunities				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Number of households that purchased	Number of households that purchased a home prior to implementation of the activity (number). This number may be zero.	Expected number of households that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (number).	Actual number of households that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (number).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
a home as a result of the activity	As of FY 2005: 0	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	3	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan
(increase).	mphasys; Staff logs			Explanation to be provided

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. Since HUD Standard Metrics were not included in the FY 2014 Plan, no FY 2014 benchmarks were established.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from Emphasys and staff logs.

ACTIVITY #13-2009: Exception Payment Standards for HCV Homeownership

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #13-2009 was proposed and implemented in FY 2009.

2. Description and Impact

This activity adjusts payment standards for HCV Homeownership to 120% of FMR in homeownership-specific Exception Payment areas, which are identified using Census 2000 Owner Occupied Median Value instead of Renter Occupied Median gross rent.

Although no HCV Homeownership Program participants purchased a home in an exception rent area during FY 2014, since FY 2009 this activity has allowed a total of 10 families (an average of nearly 2 per year) to buy homes in areas of opportunity. Part of the explanation may simply be that there were fewer home closings during FY 2014 than there have been on average in prior years. In FY 2013, for example, 18 program participants purchased homes with one family buying in an exception rent area. Regardless, the agency is currently exploring mechanisms to expand exception rent areas through better census data mapping.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	Cost Eff	ectiveness #1: Agency C	Cost Savings ¹	
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Total cost of task in dollars	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
(decrease).	As of FY 2008: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
				Explanation to be
				provided
Data Source(s): N/	'A	·	·	

This activity does not modify the cost of any task performed by LMHA staff. Staff simply substitutes one payment standard value for another when carrying out the same tasks they performed prior to implementation.

	Cost Effe	ctiveness #2: Staff Time S	Savings ¹	
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Total time to complete the task in staff	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
hours (decrease).	As of FY 2008: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A Explanation to be provided
Data Source(s): N	/A			

¹ This activity does not modify the amount of time spent on any task performed by LMHA staff. Staff simply substitutes one payment standard value for another when carrying out the same tasks they performed prior to implementation.

	Housing Choice #5: Increase in Resident Mobility					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of	Households able to move	Expected households	Actual increase in	Whether the		
households	to a better unit and/or	able to move to a better	households able to	outcome meets		
able to move to	neighborhood of	unit and/or	move to a better unit	or exceeds the		
a better unit	opportunity prior to	neighborhood of	and/or neighborhood of	benchmark.		
and/or	implementation of the	opportunity after	opportunity after			
neighborhood	activity (number). This	implementation of the	implementation of the			
of opportunity	number may be zero.	activity (number).	activity (number).			
as a result of	As of FY 2008: 0	2	0	Does not meet		
the activity				benchmark		
(increase).						
Data Source(s): Er	Data Source(s): Emphasys					

	Housing Choice #6: Increase in Homeownership Opportunities					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of households that purchased a home as a	Number of households that purchased a home prior to implementation of the activity (number). This number may be zero.	Expected number of households that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (number).	Actual number of households that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (number).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
result of the activity (increase).	As of FY 2008: 0	2	0	Does not meet benchmark		
Data Source(s): E	Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs					

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

HC #5: Increase in Resident Mobility and HC #6: Increase in Homeownership Opportunities LMHA anticipated that 2 HCV Homeownership Program participant families would purchase homes in exception rent areas during FY 2014. Although no HCV Homeownership Program participants purchased a home in an exception rent area during FY 2014, since FY 2009 this activity has allowed a total of 10 families (an average of nearly 2 per year) to buy homes in areas of opportunity. Part of the explanation may simply be that there were fewer home closings during FY 2014 than there have been on average in prior years. In FY 2013, for example, 18 program participants purchased homes with one family buying in an exception rent area. Regardless, the agency is currently exploring mechanisms to expand exception rent areas through better census data mapping.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from Emphasys; staff logs; and agency financial records.

ACTIVITY #11-2009: Flexibility in Third-Party Verifications for HCV Homeownership

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #11-2009 was proposed and implemented in FY 2009.

2. Description and Impact

Under this activity, income verification for HCV Homeownership program applicants remains valid for 8 months.

Once approved for the HCV Homeownership program, families have 8 months to execute and close on a proposed sales agreement. Since the income verification completed during the program application process is now valid for 8 months, staff no longer has to re-verify income for families

who take more than 60 days to close on a sale. Thus, the cost of this task (re-verifying income after 60 days) has dropped from \$179 pre-implementation (FY 2008) to \$0.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Total cost of task in dollars	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY 2008: \$179 (12)	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. Meets benchmark		
(decrease).	verifications * 0.5 hours * \$29.78 per hour)			Explanation to be		
Data Source(s): En	nphasys; staff logs; PHA financi	al records		provided		

Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Total time to complete the	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
task in staff hours (decrease).	As of FY 2008: 6 hours (12 verifications * 0.5 hours)	0 hours	0 hours	Meets benchmark.
Data Source(s): F	mphasys; staff logs			Explanation to be provided

	Cost Effectiveness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of Task Execution				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Average error rate in completing a task as a percentage (decrease).	Average error rate of task prior to implementation of the activity (percentage). As of FY 2008: Not tracked	Expected average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (percentage). N/A (Task no longer conducted)	Actual average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (percentage). N/A (Task no longer conducted)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A (Task no longer conducted) Explanation to be provided	
Data Source(s): S	taff logs.	·	·	_	

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. All outcomes meet benchmark.

- 4. Revised Metrics
 LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.
- Changes to Data Collection Methodology
 LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from Emphasys; staff logs; and agency financial records.

A.6 Local Leased Housing Program

Special Referral MTW HCV Programs

MTW allows LMHA to maximize the potential of locally available resources to develop programs for people with specific needs. The goal is to meet needs not met by other agencies and to partner with local organizations that have social services programs that need a housing support element. Some of these needs will be transitional; others are for programs that provide more long-term support, particularly for solo parents with children where the parent is working or preparing for work by participating in educational programs.

Special referral programs are intended to address the needs of traditionally underserved populations in the community, and provide the voucher as incentive for families to move toward economic self-sufficiency. The programs provide housing subsidy to 339 families through partnerships with a number of supportive services agencies. Families with specific needs often face multiple barriers to achieving their self-sufficiency goals. LMHA's special referral MTW HCV programs provide a strong incentive for participation as eligible applicants receive an admissions preference for the agency's HCV program, which has a current waitlist of more than 17,500 applicants. These programs also increase housing choice for low-income families.

Per HUD's request, LMHA has combined the reporting for these activities. All required elements are reported for each special referral program activity.

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented

- 1) Activity #1-2005 (The Villager / Center for Women and Families) was proposed and implemented in FY 2005.
- 2) Activity #7-2008 (Day Spring) was proposed in FY 2008 and implemented in FY 2012.
- 3) Activity #15-2009 (Louisville / Family Scholar House) was proposed and implemented in FY 2008
- 4) Activity #20-2010 (Downtown / Family Scholar House with Spalding University was proposed in FY 2010 and implemented in FY 2011.
- 5) Activity #30-2012 (100,000 Homes Initiative) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 6) Activity #31-2012 (Stoddard Johnston / Family Scholar House) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 7) Activity #34-2012 (Wellspring Youngland Avenue Facility) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 8) Activity #35-2012 (Allocate MTW Housing Choice Vouchers to Special Referral Programs) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 9) Activity #36-2013 (Wellspring Bashford Manor Facility) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 10) Activity #38-2013 (Parkland / Family Scholar House) was proposed and implemented in FY 2013.

2. Description and Impact

Activity #1-2005: The Villager - Center for Women and Families

LMHA allocates up to 22 vouchers to a special referral program with the Center for Women and Families for their long-term transitional housing on their downtown campus. Programs at the Center focus on the elimination of domestic violence, sexual violence and economic hardship. This activity has increased housing choice and cost effectiveness.

Activity #7-2008: Day Spring

LMHA provides housing assistance to 4 households with members who have a severe mental illness and who live in a Day Spring constructed unit while they participate in the program. Day Spring, a faith-based charitable organization, provides residential and supportive services to adults with developmental disabilities who want the opportunity to live independently in a supportive community setting. Residents who receive voucher assistance must meet the HCV program income requirements; however, under the initiative, not all of the residential units will be subject to typical HUD Housing Quality Standards and rent reasonableness requirements.

Activity #15-2009: Louisville Scholar House / Family Scholar House (formerly Project Women) LMHA allocates up to 56 vouchers to a special referral program with Family Scholar House for their Louisville Scholar House facility. Participants are solo heads of households, who often face multiple barriers to furthering their education and obtaining employment that will provide their families with adequate income to become self-sufficient.

Activity #20-2010: Downtown Scholar House - Family Scholar House with Spalding University LMHA allocates 43 Housing Choice Vouchers annually to a special referral program with Family Scholar House and Spalding University at the Downtown Scholar House.

Activity #30-2012: 100,000 Homes Initiative

LMHA set aside 50 vouchers to a Special Referral HCV program with the 100,000 Homes initiative of the Louisville Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) Community Consortium. Participants in this Housing First model program, who are identified and referred by the Louisville SAMHSA, must be chronically homeless.

Activity #31-2012: Stoddard Johnston Scholar House - Family Scholar House

LMHA has set-aside 57 vouchers to a special referral program with Family Scholar House for their Stoddard Johnston Scholar House location.

Activity #34-2012: Wellspring - Youngland Avenue Facility

LMHA provides housing assistance to 5 households with members with severe mental illness who reside at Wellspring's Youngland Avenue facility while they are participating in the program. Wellspring is a charitable organization that addresses Louisville's need for supportive housing for adults with severe and persistent psychiatric illnesses. Referrals accepted for this initiative are considered to be Mainstream Program participants.

Activity #35-2012: Allocate MTW Housing Choice Vouchers to Special Referral Programs LMHA may, without prior HUD approval, allocate up to 10 MTW Housing Choice Vouchers to a Special Referral HCV program for service-enriched affordable housing programs within the agency's jurisdiction. To be eligible, programs must offer housing and supportive services targeted to families whose needs are not adequately served elsewhere in the community. Some allocations are incremental additions to existing special referral programs while others are allocations to newly established programs. In 2012, LMHA allocated 10 vouchers to Coalition for the Homeless for homeless families with children. In 2013, the Agency allocated an additional 10 vouchers to the same referral program, as well as 10 vouchers to Family Scholar House participants who may choose to live at York Towers. In FY 2014, 10 vouchers were allocated to a program operated by Choices, Inc., which serves solo parent families that are both homeless and disabled.

Activity #36-2013: Wellspring – Bashford Manor Facility

This activity established a special referral program and local preference to provide housing assistance to 5 households with members with severe mental illness who reside at Wellspring's Youngland Avenue facility while they are participating in the program. Wellspring is a charitable organization that addresses Louisville's need for supportive housing for adults with severe and persistent psychiatric illnesses. Referrals accepted for this initiative are considered to be Mainstream Program participants.

Activity #38-2013: Parkland Scholar House - Family Scholar House

Under this activity, LMHA sets aside up to 53 vouchers, including 5 vouchers for participants who reside off-campus, for a special referral program with Family Scholar House for their Parkland Scholar House Facility. Vouchers become portable upon graduation and expire 5 years from participant's graduation date.

The LMHA tracks the following, combined HUD Standard Metrics for these activities:

	Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Total cost of	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
task in dollars (decrease).	N/A	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Tracking mechanism to be determined	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		
Data Source(s): S	taff logs; PHA financial reco	ords		Explanation to be provided		

No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.

	Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total time to complete the task in staff hours (decrease).	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
	N/A	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Tracking mechanism to be determined	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	
				Explanation to be provided	
Data Source(s): S	taff logs; PHA financial record	S			

No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.

	Cost Effectiveness #4: Increase in Resources Leveraged					
Unit of Measurement	Raseline ¹ Renchmark Outcome					
Amount of	Amount leveraged prior	Expected amount	Actual amount	Whether the		
funds	to implementation of the	leveraged after	leveraged after	outcome meets		
leveraged in	activity (in dollars). This	implementation of the	implementation of the	or exceeds the		
dollars	number may be zero.	activity (in dollars).	activity (in dollars).	benchmark.		

	(increase).	N/A	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Tracking mechanism to be determined	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	
					Explanation to be provided	
ĺ	Data Source(s): Special referral program partner records					

No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.

	Self-Sufficie	ncy #1: Increase in House	hold Income	
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Average earned income of households	Average earned income of households affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected average earned income of households affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual average earned income of households affected by this policy prior to implementation (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
affected by this policy in dollars (increase).	N/A	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Tracking mechanism to be determined	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan
Data Source(s): E	mphasys			Explanation to be provided

¹ No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.

Self-Sufficiency #3: Increase in Positive Outcomes in Employment Status Report the Baseline, Benchmark and Outcome data for each type of employment status for those head(s) of households affected by the self-sufficiency activity. Unit of Benchmark Baseline¹ Benchmark Outcome Measurement Achieved? Head(s) of households in Expected head(s) of Actual head(s) of Whether the Report the following <<category name>> households in households in outcome meets information prior to implementation <<category name>> <<category name>> or exceeds the separately for each benchmark. of the activity (number). after implementation after implementation category: This number may be of the activity of the activity (number). (number). zero. (1) Employed Full-N/A. Metric not Tracking mechanism N/A. Metric N/ATime included in FY2014 to be determined not included in FY2014 Plan Plan (2) Employed Part-N/A N/A. Metric not Tracking mechanism N/A. Metric included in FY2014 to be determined not included in Time Plan FY2014 Plan (3) Enrolled in an N/A N/A. Metric not Tracking mechanism N/A. Metric Educational included in FY2014 to be determined not included in Program FY2014 Plan (4) Enrolled in Job N/A N/A. Metric not Tracking mechanism N/A. Metric to be determined Training Program included in FY2014 not included in Plan FY2014 Plan (5) Unemployed N/A N/A. Metric not Tracking mechanism N/A. Metric included in FY2014 to be determined not included in FY2014 Plan Plan N/A (6) Other N/A N/A N/A

	Percentage of total workable households in < <category name="">> prior to implementation of activity (percent).</category>	Expected percentage of total work-able households in < <category name="">> as of 6/30/2014</category>	Actual percentage of total work-able households in < <category name="">> as of 6/30/2014</category>	Explanation to be provided.	
	This number may be zero.	(percent).	(percent).		
Data Source(s): Emphasys					

¹ No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.

Self-Sufficie	Self-Sufficiency #4: Households Removed from Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of households receiving TANF assistance (decrease).	Households receiving TANF prior to implementation of the activity (number). N/A	Expected number of households receiving TANF after implementation of the activity (number). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual households receiving TANF after implementation of the activity (number). Tracking mechanism to be determined	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to		
Data Source(s): E	Data Source(s): Emphasys					

¹ No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.

Unit of MeasurementBaseline¹BenchmarkOutcomeBenchmark Achieved?Number of households receiving self sufficiency services prior to implementation of the activity (number).Expected number of households receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (number).Actual number of households receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (number).Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 PlanN/A. Metric not included in FY2014 PlanTracking mechanism to be determinedN/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Self-Sufficiency #5: Households Assisted by Services that Increase Self Sufficiency					
Number of households receiving self sufficiency services aimed to increase self sufficiency (increase). Number of households receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). N/A business services after implementation of the activity (number). Explanation to		Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome		
increase self sufficiency (increase). in FY2014 Plan be determined not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to	households receiving	self sufficiency services prior to implementation	households receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the	households receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the	outcome meets or exceeds the	
be provided	increase self sufficiency	N/A		C	not included in FY2014 Plan	

No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.

Self-	Self-Sufficiency #6: Reducing Per Unit Subsidy Costs for Participating Households						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?			
Average	Average subsidy per	Expected average	Actual average subsidy	Whether the			
amount of	household affected by	subsidy per household	per household affected by	outcome meets			
Section 8	this policy prior to	affected by this policy	this policy after	or exceeds the			
and/or 9	implementation of the	after implementation of	implementation of the	benchmark.			
subsidies per	activity (in dollars).	the activity (in dollars).	activity (in dollars).				
household	N/A	N/A. Metric not	Tracking mechanism to be	N/A. Metric			
affected by this		included in FY2014	determined	not included in			
policy in		Plan		FY2014 Plan			
dollars				Explanation to			

(decrease).				be provided	
Data Source(s): Emphasys; PHA financial records.					

No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.

Self-Sufficiency #7: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
PHA rental revenue in dollars (increase).	PHA rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A	Expected PHA rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual PHA rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). Tracking mechanism to be determined	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to be provided	

No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.

Self-Sufficiency #8: Households Transitioned to Self Sufficiency						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of households transitioned to self sufficiency (increase). The PHA may create one or more definitions for "self sufficiency" to use for this metric. Each time the PHA uses	Households transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency>>) prior to implementation of the activity (number). This number may be zero.</pha 	Expected households transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency>>) after implementation of the activity (number).</pha 	Actual households transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency>>) after implementation of the activity (number).</pha 	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
this metric, the "Outcome" number should also be provided in Section (II) Operating Information in the space provided.	N/A	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Tracking mechanism to be determined	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to be provided		
Data Source(s):Various						

¹ No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013. ² LMHA defines **self sufficiency** as follows: "the ability of a non-elderly / non-disabled family to obtain and maintain suitable employment."

Housing Choice #3: Decrease in Wait List Time					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline ¹	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Average applicant time on wait list in months (decrease).	Average applicant time on wait list prior to implementation of the activity (in months). N/A	Expected average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months). Tracking mechanism to be determined	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to	
				be provided	
Data Source(s): E	mphasys	_			

¹ No baselines have been set as the implementation dates of LMHA special referral programs range from FY 2005 – FY 2013.
A table summarizing LMHA's Special Referral Programs follows:

LMHA Special Referral MTW Voucher Programs FY 2014

Organization	Site	Voucher Allocation	FY Activity Proposed (FY Approved, if different)	FY First Voucher Issued	Portable? Term Limited?	Streamlined Admission?	MTW Inspections?
Center for Women and Families	Villager	22	2005	2005	Full portability upon program completion.	Yes	Yes: For initial lease-up, C.O. was used. After initial move-in, with new occupant and once per year concurrently.
Family Scholar House	Louisville Scholar House	56	2008	2008	Full portability upon program completion.	No	Yes: For initial lease-up, C.O. was used. After initial move-in, with new occupant and at recert.
Family Scholar House	Downtown Scholar House	54	2010	2011	Full portability upon program completion.	No	Yes: For initial lease-up, C.O. used, then with new occupant and at recert.
Family Scholar House	Stoddard Johnston Scholar House	57	2012	2012	Full portability upon program completion. 5-year term limit post graduation.	No	Yes: For initial lease-up, C.O. used. After initial move-in, with new occupant and at recert
Family Scholar House	Parkland Scholar House + 5 off- site	53	2012 Amended	2012	Full portability upon program completion.	No	Yes: For initial lease-up, C.O. used, then with new occupant and at recert.
Day Spring	Day Spring constructed units	4	2009	2009, 2012*	Full portability.	Yes	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
Wellspring	Youngland Avenue	5	2012	2012	Full portability.	Yes	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
100K Homes Initiative	N/A	50	2012	2012	Full portability.	No	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
Wellspring	Bashford Manor/ Newburg	8	2012	_	Full portability.	No	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
Coalition for the Homeless	N/A	20	2012	2013	Full portability.	No	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
Family Scholar House with Housing Partnership Inc.	York Towers	10	2013	_	Full portability.	No	No: Traditional inspection protocol.

^{*}Referral program suspended during FY2010 and FY2011.

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. No benchmarks were established in the FY 2014 Plan.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity will be collected from Emphasys; staff logs; agency financial records; and special referral program partner agencies, once a tracking protocol has been established.

ACTIVITY #2-1999: MTW Unit Inspection Protocol

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #2-1999 was proposed and implemented in FY 1999.

2. Description and Impact

Many of LMHA's partners' residential facilities are newly constructed or renovated. As such, LMHA has used MTW authority to allow the certificate of occupancy to suffice for the initial move-in inspection in lieu of a traditional HQS inspection. This substitution has saved the authority thousands of dollars since Louisville Scholar House first came online in 2008.

Unit inspections of facilities at LMHA's Section 8 certificate programs that are managed by organizations with which the Agency has had a long-term and outstanding relationship, are waived upon initial occupancy, and the agency has the authority to conduct inspections once per year concurrently. Section 8 certificate programs include YMCA SRO, Roberts Hall and St. Vincent de Paul, and Willow Place. This activity has significantly reduced costs to inspect the units "tied" to these programs. In FY 2014, LMHA used this authority to inspect the 41 YMCA SRO units concurrently.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

CE #1: Agency Cost Savings						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Total cost of	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
task in dollars (decrease).	As of FY 1998: Not available	\$976 (41 units * \$23.80)	\$1,005 (41 units * \$24.52)	Meets benchmark Explanation to be provided		
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; Staff logs; PHA fi	nancial records.		1		

CE #2: Staff Time Savings

Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
	Total amount of staff	Expected amount of	Actual amount of total	Whether the
	time dedicated to the task	total staff time	staff time dedicated to	outcome meets
Total time to	prior to implementation	dedicated to the task	the task after	or exceeds the
complete the	of the activity (in hours).	after implementation of	implementation of the	benchmark.
task in staff		the activity (in hours).	activity (in hours).	
hours	As of FY 1998: Not	23.9 hours (41 units *	23.9 hours (41 units * 0.6	Meets
(decrease).	available	0.6 hours)	hours)	benchmark
				Explanation to
				be provided
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; Staff logs; PHA finan	cial records.		

Cost Effectiveness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of Task Execution						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Average error rate in completing a task as a percentage (decrease).	Average error rate of task prior to implementation of the activity (percentage). As of FY 1998: Not available	Expected average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (percentage). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (percentage). Not tracked	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan Explanation to be provided.		
Data Source(s): S	taff logs.					

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. All outcomes meet benchmark.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from Emphasys; staff logs; and agency financial records.

ACTIVITY #27-2011: Amend HCV Admissions Policy to Allow for Deduction of Child-Care Expenses in Determination of Eligibility

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #27-2011 was proposed and implemented in FY 2011.

2. Description and Impact

LMHA amended its HCV program admissions policy to allow for the deduction of verified ongoing child-care expenses from a working household's gross income when determining income eligibility. In order to qualify for the adjustment, the family must include a head of household and/or spouse with a demonstrated work history for a period of 12 months or longer.

The pool of potential families eligible for the child-care deduction is very small. No families received the deduction during FY 2014. However, because of the potential benefit to working families, the agency believes the activity merits continuation.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	SS #6: Reducing Per Unit Subsidy Costs for Participating Households						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?			
Average amount of	Average subsidy per household affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.			
Section 8 subisdy per household affected by this policy in dollars (decrease).	As of FY 2010: N/A (No families affected by policy)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	N/A (No families affected by policy)	N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan			
	Average subsidy per household affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars) prior to implementation.	Expected average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars) as of 6/30/14.	Actual average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars) as of 6/30/14.	Explanation to be provided			
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; PHA financial record	ls					

Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY 2010: N/A (No families affected by policy) N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan		CE #7: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue			
Rental revenue in dollars (increase). Rental revenue in dollars (increase). As of FY 2010: N/A (No families affected by policy)		Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	
Rental revenue in dollars (increase). (No families affected by policy) (implementation of the	after implementation of	implementation of the	outcome meets or exceeds the
(increase). Sum of gross (net) annual rent revenue from households who received the deduction Expected sum of gross (net) annual rent revenue from households who received the deduction to determine Explanation to be provided.	revenue in	(No families affected			not included in
to determine eligibility. determine eligibility as of 6/30/14. of 6/30/14.		annual rent revenue from households who	(net) annual rent revenue from households who received the deduction to determine eligibility as	annual rent revenue from households who received	

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. No benchmarks were established in the agency's FY 2014 Plan.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

Changes to Data Collection Methodology
 LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from Emphasys and agency financial records.

ACTIVITY #39-2014: HCV Program Rent Increase Limit

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #39-2014 was proposed and implemented in FY 2014.

2. Description and Impact

This activity is a 2% cap on annual contract rent increases for units where the tenant is receiving HCV rental assistance. At contract renewals, LMHA will conduct rent comparables and limit the landlord's requested rent increase to 2% of the previous contract rent for the same tenant or HUD's fair market rent, whichever is less.

LMHA has not yet developed a mechanism to track the impact of this activity, but plans to do so in FY 2016.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	SS #6: Reducing Per Unit Subsidy Costs for Participating Households			
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Average amount of Section 8 subisdy per household	Average subsidy per household affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY 2010: N/A (No families affected by policy)	Expected average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A (No families affected by policy)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan
affected by this policy in dollars (decrease).	Average subsidy per household affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars) prior to implementation.	Expected average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars) as of 6/30/14.	Actual average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars) as of 6/30/14.	Explanation to be provided
Data Source(s): Emphasys; PHA financial records				

	Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue			
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Rental revenue in dollars	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY 2010: N/A (No families affected	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A. Metric not included in FY2014 Plan	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A (No families affected by policy)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. N/A. Metric not included in
(increase).	by policy) Sum of gross (net)	Expected sum of gross	Actual <i>sum</i> of gross	FY2014 Plan Explanation to
	annual rental revenue from	annual rental revenue from households affected	rental revenue from households affected by	be provided

	households affected by this policy	by this policy between 7/1/13 and 6/30/14	this policy between 7/1/13 and 6/30/14	
Data Source(s): Emphasys: PHA financial records				

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. No benchmarks were established in the agency's FY 2014 Plan.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from Emphasys and agency financial records.

A.7 Local, Non-Traditional Housing Programs

ACTIVITY #37-2014: Accessible Units Sublease Agreement with Frazier Rehab Institute

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented
Activity #39-2014 was proposed and implemented in FY 2014.

2. Description and Impact

The activity allows LMHA to sublease fully accessible units as temporary housing for Spinal Cord Injury (SCI) out-patients of Frazier Rehab Institute. The units are transitional housing provided for up to six months per family. Frazier Rehab Institute is responsible for verifying that the family is eligible to live in the unit (e.g., a program participant, household income is at or below 80% AMI). Two fully-accessible units located at the Liberty Green Community Center are dedicated to this activity. The Community Center is ideally located one-half mile from the Frazier Rehab Institute. Frazier Rehab leases the apartments from LMHA and pay the cost of all utilities. Rent to Frazier Rehab is set at \$210 per month (or roughly 30% of monthly SSI for one person), and Frazier Rehab has agreed to pass on no more than 100% of the rent plus utilities to the tenant (the sublessee). Frazier Rehab uses a modified version of LMHA's public housing lease as its tenant sublease and has established a hardship policy to define circumstances under which households may be exempted or temporarily waived from the rent Frazier Rehab may charge to the sublessee. Examples could include involuntary loss of income or unexpected medical expenses. Frazier Rehab also refers sublessees to area service providers, including the Center for Accessible Living (Kentucky's first Independent Living Center), who can assist households with leaving the program.

Often, the only housing option for SCI patients is a room at one of the extended stay hotels located at the edge of the city. A room can cost the patient and their family hundreds of dollars per week in addition to any travel costs they may have incurred coming to Louisville for treatment. For low-income families needing treatment, securing and paying for housing can be a great burden. Through this unique partnership, LMHA increases housing options for these families. In addition, the activity achieves greater cost effectiveness in federal expenditures. LMHA had been experiencing difficulty leasing the two fully-accessible apartments to applicants on the public housing waitlist; consequently the units had been vacant. Under this activity, Frazier Rehab subleases the units to out-patients of the program and pays LMHA \$210 per month for each unit, increasing the number of families served and rental revenue for the agency.

In FY 2014, LMHA served 5 households through this activity.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	CE #2: Staff Time Savings							
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?				
Total time to complete the task in staff	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.				
hours (decrease).	As of FY 2013: N/A	12 hours	10 hours	Benchmark not met See section 3 below for explanation Explanation to be				

			provided
Data Source(s): Em	nphasys; Staff logs; PHA fina	ancial records	

Housing Choice #1: Additional Units of Housing Made Available							
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?			
	Housing units of this	Expected housing	Actual housing	Whether the			
Number of new housing	type prior to	units of this type	units of this type	outcome meets			
units made available for	implementation of the	after	after	or exceeds the			
households at or below	activity (number). This	implementation of	implementation of	benchmark.			
80% AMI as a result of	number may be zero.	the activity	the activity				
the activity (increase).		(number).	(number).				
If units reach a specific	As of FY 2013: 0	2	2	Meets			
type of household, give				benchmark			
that type in this box.				Explanation to			
				be provided			
Data Source(s): PIC							

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

CE #2: Staff Time Savings

LMHA anticipated that 12 staff hours would be saved through this activity during FY 2014. Instead, 10 staff hours were saved. The agency served one fewer household than expected during the year (5 instead of 6), resulting in 2 fewer hours of staff time savings.

4. Revised Metrics

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with new, HUD-required Standard Metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

LMHA has replaced all locally-defined metrics with HUD-required Standard Metrics. Standard Metrics data for this activity is collected from Emphasys; PIC; staff logs; and agency financial records.

B. Not Yet Implemented MTW Activities

For each not yet implemented activity, LMHA has provided:

- 1) The Plan Year in which the activity was first approved;
- 2) A description of the activity and an update on its status; and
- 3) Discussion of any actions taken toward implementation during the fiscal year.

ACTIVITY #40-2014: Financial Aid Disregard in Calculation of TTP – HCV Program

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #40-2014 was proposed and approved in FY 2014. It has not yet been implemented.

2. Description and Status Update

When calculating an HCV participant's Total Tenant Payment, this activity allows LMHA to disregard financial aid exceeding amounts received for tuition for all households regardless of age or family status where the head of household is a student.

This activity encourages families, in particular those families with children whose head of household is 23 or younger, to become self-sufficient. Under current HCV program rules (Federal Register 12-30-05), financial aid paid to a student over the age of 23 with dependent children is excluded. LMHA has extended this benefit to all students.

3. Actions Toward Implementation

The agency is currently in the process of making the required updates to its HCV Administrative Plan, and plans to implement the activity during FY 2016.

ACTIVITY #28-2011: Locally Defined Guidelines for Development, Maintenance and Modernization of Public Housing

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #28-2011 was proposed and approved in FY 2011. It has not yet been implemented.

2. Description and Status Update

The activity is to explore using MTW authority to create locally defined guidelines for the development (including rehabilitation), maintenance and modernization of public housing. LMHA is currently in the process of researching and establishing reasonable and modest design guidelines, unit size guidelines and unit amenity guidelines that could be used for new public housing development activities. LMHA is also investigating how to incorporate green maintenance practices in addition to environmentally friendly and energy efficient design standards.

3. Actions Toward Implementation

The agency is investigating how it might use locally defined guidelines to inform plans for the public housing units at Beecher Terrace, one of the largest HUD-assisted developments within the Russell Neighborhood Choice Initiative target area. If and when new guidelines are drafted, they will be submitted for HUD approval.

C. MTW Activities On-Hold

For each activity on-hold, LMHA has provided:

- 1) The Plan Year in which the activity was first approved, implemented and placed on-hold;
- 2) A description of the activity and an update on its status; and
- 3) Report on any actions that were taken towards reactivating the activity.

ACTIVITY #25-2010: Public Housing Sublease Agreement with Catholic Charities

1. Plan Year Approved, Implemented, and Placed On-Hold Activity #25-2010 was proposed and implemented in FY 2010. The activity was placed on-hold in 2012.

2. Description and Status

HUD OGC investigated the use of public housing as emergency housing for victims of human trafficking and found that it was not feasible under MTW to permit families who could not produce valid identification to live in public housing communities.

3. Actions Taken Towards Reactivation

This activity will remain on hold until a resolution, allowing victims of human trafficking to receive much-needed housing assistance, can be reached.

D. Closed Out MTW Activities

For closed out activity, LMHA has provided:

- 1) The Plan Year in which the activity was first approved and implemented (if applicable) and a description of the activity;
- 2) The year the activity was closed out; and
- 3) In the year the activity was closed out,
 - a. Discussion of the final outcome and lessons learned
 - b. Description of any statutory exceptions outside of the current MTW flexibilities that might have provided additional benefit for this activity
 - c. Summary table, listing outcomes from each year of the activity (since the execution of the Standard MTW Agreement); and
 - d. Narrative for additional explanations about outcomes reported in the summary table.

ACTIVITY #24-2010: Increased Flat Rents

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented; Activity Description LMHA proposed this initiative in the 2010 Annual Plan, and

LMHA proposed this initiative in the 2010 Annual Plan, and it was approved by HUD that year. LMHA proposed flat rents for the Agency's scattered sites be raised and adjusted based on the square footage, location, age and amenities at the property as rent comparables for the site were completed. LMHA decidednot to implement this activity, and flat rents have since been raised across all of the agency's public housing units to meet HUD's recent requirement that PHAs set flat rents to at least 80% of FMR.

- 2. *Plan Year Closed Out* The activity was closed-out FYE 2011.
- 3. *In the year the activity was closed out provide the following:*
 - *i. Final outcomes and lessons learned*This activity was never implemented.
 - *ii. Statutory exceptions outside of MTW that would have provided additional benefit* Unknown.
 - *iii. Summary table of outcomes from each year of the activity* Not applicable.
 - *iv. Narrative for additional explanations about outcomes reported above.* Not applicable.

ACTIVITY #5-2007: Spatial Deconstruction of HCV Assisted Units

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented; Activity Description LMHA proposed this initiative in the 2007 Annual Plan, and it was approved by HUD that year. The activity was to limit the concentration of Housing Choice Voucher assisted units in complexes of one hundred or more units to 25% (excluding both elderly/disabled and special referral program sites). The goals of the activity were two-fold: to increase the number of communities in exception rent areas where voucher holders live, and to decrease the number of assisted units in large properties that already exceeded the 25% cap.
- 2. Plan Year Closed Out
 This activity was closed-out at fiscal yearend 2009.
- 3. *In the year the activity was closed out provide the following:*
 - i. Final outcomes and lessons learned
 - LMHA was ultimately concerned that the activity would limit housing choices for low-income families. As documented in the 2009 year-end report, the activity did not reduce the number of large developments that failed to meet the spatial deconcentration goals. However, from 2006 to 2009, the number of assisted units in underutilized exception rent areas did increase. Regardless, had the 25% cap remained in place, the policy might have limited a family's choice to move to a certain community if it had a higher percentage of voucher holders.
 - *ii. Statutory exceptions outside of MTW that would have provided additional benefit* None.
 - *iii. Summary table of outcomes from each year of the activity* See table below from FY 2009 Annual Report.

TABLE 10.1 Spatial Deconcentration of HCV Assisted Units Benchmark vs. Actual FY 09

Site-no. units	FY 06 Baseline	FY 07 Actual	FY 08 Actual	FY 09 Bmk	FY 09 Actual
A-130 units	106 (81.5%)	98 (75.4%)	107 (82.3%)	=25%</td <td>106 (81.5%)</td>	106 (81.5%)
B-167 units	61 (36.5%)	68 (40.7%)	61 (36.5%)	=25%</td <td>75 (44.9%)</td>	75 (44.9%)
C-161 units	24 (14.9%)	21 (13%)	19 (11.8%)	=25%</td <td>23 (14.3%)</td>	23 (14.3%)
D-124 units	30 (24.2%)	17 (13.7%)	15 (12.1%)	=25%</td <td>15 (12.1%)</td>	15 (12.1%)
E-150 units	47 (31.3%)	44 (29.3%)	46 (30.67%)	=25%</td <td>45 (30%)</td>	45 (30%)
F-170 units	15 (8.8%)	13 (7.6%)	37 (21.8%)	=25%</td <td>38 (22.3%)</td>	38 (22.3%)
G-400 units	50 (9.5%)	27 (6.7%)	22 (5.5%)	=25%</td <td>14 (3.5%)</td>	14 (3.5%)
H-260 units	14 (5.4%)	25 (9.6%)	32 (12.3%)	=25%</td <td>41 (15.8%)</td>	41 (15.8%)

TABLE 10.2 HCV Units in Exception Payment Areas Benchmark vs. Actual FY 2009

Census Tract	FY 06 Baseline	FY 07 Actual	FY 08 Actual	FY 09 Bmk	FY 09 Actual
75	0	1	1	+ unit	1
76	0	3	3	+ unit	4
98	1	0	0	+ unit	3
100	33	52	54	-	63
101	12	9	10	+ unit	11
103	21	31	33	-	36
104	5	17	66	-	65
105	1	0	0	+ unit	0
106	2	4	4	+ unit	6
107	1	0	0	+ unit	0
108	9	11	12	-	12
111	114	130	136	-	135
114	9	9	9	+ unit	8
115	6	8	8	+ unit	16
117	2	5	5	+ unit	5
120	15	18	17		21
121	52	81	96	j e	114
124	34	36	49	4	54
131	3	1	1	+ unit	0
Total	320	416	504	50 more units	554
no. of underutilized census tracts w/ exception	12	11	10	less 1 census tract	9
payment areas				##905613961	
no. of underutilized exception payment areas	26	24	23	less 1 area	22

Notes

Underutilized is defined as 10 or fewer units.

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*iv. Narrative for additional explanations about outcomes reported above.*None.

ACTIVITY #33-2012: Rents Set at 30% of Adjusted Income – Public Housing Program

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented; Activity Description
Proposed and approved in the FY 2012 Plan, LMHA proposed that families receiving rental assistance under the Public Housing program would pay either 30% of their monthly adjusted income for rent, or the minimum rent established by the LMHA, whichever was higher. Upon further consideration, because the Housing Authority's housing stock includes tax credit units, LMHA considered amending the activity to include "ceiling rents" that would vary by bedroom size and that would be set in accordance with the annual tax-credit ceiling rents, as published by the Kentucky Housing Corporation (KHC). KHC is the tax credit allocating agency for the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The proposal to change was never submitted to HUD, however. Rather, in 2014, LMHA raised flat rents to conform to new HUD regulations mandating that PHAs set flat rents to at least 80% of FMR.

2. Plan Year Closed Out

The activity was officially closed-out fiscal year-end 2014.

- 3. In the year the activity was closed out provide the following:
 - i. Final outcomes and lessons learned In 2014, LMHA decided not to pursue this activity in response to newly-issued HUD regulations that require PHAs to set flat rents to at least 80% of FMR.. As a result of the new rule, the agency raised flat rates significantly across the entire public housing stock. LMHA anticipates that higher flat rents will achieve the goals of the proposed activity within HUD's existing regulatory framework.
 - *ii. Statutory exceptions outside of MTW that would have provided additional benefit* None.
 - *iii. Summary table of outcomes from each year of the activity* This activity was not implemented.
 - *iv. Narrative for additional explanations about outcomes reported above.* Not applicable.

ACTIVITY #16-2009: Explore HUD's Streamlined Demolition and Disposition Application Process for MTW Agencies

- Plan Year Approved and Implemented; Activity Description
 Proposed and approved in the FY 2009 Plan, this activity was never implemented. HUD investigated the possibility of streamlined demolition/disposition activities for MTW agencies but found that it was not feasible under MTW. Out of concern for residents' rights and the public process, HUD decided that MTW agencies must follow the established procedures for demolition and disposition of property.
- 2. *Plan Year Closed Out* This activity was officially closed-out FYE 2014.
- 3. In the year the activity was closed out provide the following:

- *i. Final outcomes and lessons learned*This activity was never implemented.
- *ii. Statutory exceptions outside of MTW that would have provided additional benefit* Unknown.
- *iii.* Summary table of outcomes from each year of the activity Not applicable.
- *iv. Narrative for additional explanations about outcomes reported above.*None.

V. Sources and Uses of Funds

Generally: A pre-formatted Microsoft Excel table has been provided for PHAs to report the required information in this section. PHAs will copy and paste the HUD-provided Microsoft Excel tables into the body of Section (V) in their Plan/Report. With the initial submittal of the Plan/Report to HUD, the PHA will also include the completed, separate Microsoft Excel file. A PHA may include additional information regarding sources and uses of funding as an appendix to the Plan/Report. The PHA may reference such an appendix in Section (V) of the Plan/Report to direct readers to this information.

Annual MTW Report (FYE 6/30/14)

V.3.Report.Sources and Uses of MTW Funds

A. MTW Report: Sources and Uses of MTW Funds

Actual Sources and Uses of MTW Funding for the Fiscal Year

PHAs shall submit their unaudited and audited information in the prescribed FDS format through the Financial Assessment System - PHA (FASPHA), or its successor system

Describe the Activities that Used Only MTW Single Fund Flexibility

Louisville Metro Housing Authority (LMHA) used the single fund flexibility authorized in the MTW Program to transfer approx. \$771,000 from the Housing Choice Voucher Program and approx. \$4,824,000 from the Capital Fund Program (CFP) to the Public Housing Program. These transfers exceeded budgeted levels, but were necessary for the following reasons:

- 1. Operating subsidy for the Public Housing Program was funded at 82% of eligibility for 2013, and at 89% of eligibility for 2014 (six months of each calendar year affects LMHA's fiscal year ending June 30, 2014).
- 2. LMHA attempts to manage all of its public housing AMPs at a high level and maintain a balanced operating budget at each. The HUD approved project expense levels (PEL) for most AMPs do not adequately provide for management services at the level deemed necessary by LMHA.
- 3. The local HUD office instructed LMHA to move contract security costs and resident stipend payments from the CFP to the AMP's operating budgets as the result of the new CFP rule issued in October, 2013. LMHA incurs significant security costs while attempting to protect our elderly and disabled residents.
 - 4. Utility expenses significantly exceeded budget due to a bitter cold winter (December 2013 through February 2014). Utility rates increased as well.

Although LMHA utilizes the funding flexibility available in the MTW Program, LMHA adheres to all statutes and regulations relative to HUD's asset management program. All budgeting and reporting within the Public Housing Program is done on an individual site basis, and LMHA utilizes a "fee for service" methodology that charges the sites only for the services they receive.

LMHA continues to employ a Multi-Cultural Specialist as originally approved in ongoing Activity #17-2009.

V.4.Report.Local Asset Management Plan								
B. MTW Report: Local Asset M	anagen	ner	nt Plan					
Has the PHA allocated costs within statute during the plan year?	Yes							
Has the PHA implemented a local asset management plan (LAMP)?		or	No					
the PHA is implementing a LAMP, it shall be described in an appe oposed and approved. It shall explain the deviations from existin				_		•		
y changes are made to the LAMP.	g HOD Te	equ	rement	s and s	Silouid	i be u	paatet	
·	g HOD R	or	No	s and s	Siloura	i be u	puutet	11
y changes are made to the LAMP.		or	No					

V.5.Report.Unspent MTW Funds

C. MTW Report: Commitment of Unspent Funds

In the table below, provide planned commitments or obligations of unspent MTW funds at the end of the PHA's fiscal year.

Account	Planned Expenditure	Obligated Funds	Committed Funds
Type	No current planned commitments or obligations.	\$ X	\$ X
Type	Description	\$ X	\$ X
Туре	Description	\$ X	\$ X
Type	Description	\$ X	\$ X
Туре	Description	\$ X	\$ X
Type	Description	\$ X	\$ X
Туре	Description	\$ X	\$ X
Туре	Description	\$ X	\$ X
	Total Obligated or Committed Funds:	-	-

In the body of the Report, PHAs shall provide, in as much detail as possible, an explanation of plans for future uses of unspent funds, including what funds have been obligated or committed to specific projects.

<u>Note</u>: Written notice of a definition of MTW reserves will be forthcoming. Until HUD issues a methodology for defining reserves, including a definition of obligations and commitments, MTW agencies are not required to complete this section.

VI. Administrative

A. Description of progress on the correction or elimination of observed deficiencies cited in monitoring visits, physical inspections, or other oversight and monitoring mechanisms, if applicable;

The former Housing Authority of Louisville was rated a high performer under Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) and Section Eight Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) for FY 1998 and LMHA retains this score throughout the Moving to Work demonstration.

B. Agency Directed Evaluations of Moving To Work Program

The Louisville Metro Housing Authority did not conduct an evaluation of the Authority's Moving To Work Demonstration Program during fiscal year 2014.

D. Certification that the Agency has met the three statutory requirements

See certification on the following page.

Certification of Meeting MTW Statutory Requirements

Applicant Name

LOUISVILLE METRO HOUSING AUTHORITY

Program/Activity Receiving Federal Funding

MOVING TO WORK DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM

Acting on behalf of the above named Applicant as its Authorized Official, I make the following certifications and agreements to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD):

I certify that the above named Applicant has met the statutory requirements of the Moving to Work Demonstration Program (MTW) of:

- 1. Assuring that at least 75 percent of the families assisted by the Agency are very low-income families;
- 2. Continuing to assist substantially the same number of families as would have been served had the amounts not been combined; and
- 3. Maintaining a comparable mix of families (by family size) are served, as would have been provided had the amounts not been used under the demonstration.

I hereby certify that all the information stated herein is true and accurate.

Name of Authorized Official

Title

TIM BARRY

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Signature

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

6/12/15